# Cranborne THI 10-50c Wall Hung Gas Fired Condensing Boiler Room Sealed or Open Flue

# INSTALLATION, COMMISSIONING AND SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS

<u>IMPORTANT NOTE</u>: THESE INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE READ AND UNDERSTOOD BEFORE INSTALLING, COMMISSIONING, OPERATING OR SERVICING THIS APPLIANCE.

THE CRANBORNE THI 10-50c BOILER IS INTENDED FOR USE AS A DOMESTIC / LIGHT COMMERCIAL APPLIANCE FOR HEATING AND DOMESTIC HOT WATER INSTALLATIONS.

THIS BOILER IS FOR USE ON GROUP H NATURAL GAS (2<sup>ND</sup> FAMILY) I2H OR LPG-PROPANE GAS (3<sup>rd</sup> FAMILY) I3P. PLEASE ENSURE RELEVANT INFORMATION REQUIRED WITHIN DOCUMENT IS FOUND RELATING TO SPECIFIC GAS TO BE FIRED BEFORE FIRING BOILER.

THIS BOILER COMPLIES WITH ALL RELEVANT EUROPEAN DIRECTIVES EC IDENTIFICATION No. CE-0085AR0323

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ONTROL UNIT ZHTI 47 (REG 128)	
ELECTOR VALVE KIT FOR CONNECTING THIC/BS	
THE HOLD THE CONTROL	AS/CO2/CO/NOX FLOW CONTROL

### I - PRESENTATION

### 1 - DESCRIPTION

**Standard description:** wall mounted condensation boiler for hot water heating, sealed combustion circuit, pre-mixing burner with air-gas supply, and linear power modulation connecting combustion product types  $B_{23}$ ,  $C_{13}$ ,  $C_{33}$ , following EN 483 (04/00)

The THI boiler is pre-set in the factory for natural gas H (G20) or propane (G31) depending on the model.

This boiler comprises all the necessary accessories for the correct working of a water based central heating circuit specifically:

- one boiler comprising:
  - a high performance double walled condensation exchanger,
- a pre-mixing burner, with stainless steel refractory grate,
- a variable speed 230 Volt fan controlled by the regulator,
- a 230 Volt two way gas valve controlled by the air pressure,
- electronic regulation which ensures power modulation depending on the demands for heating or DHW (LMU control unit),
- an outside sensor,
- a circulating pump,
- a 3 bar safety-valve,
- a gas conversion set (to propane from natural gas).

### **OPTIONAL:**

- Horizontal flue kit (C<sub>13</sub>) allowing the boiler to be connected to a straight horizontal flue.
- Accessories for horizontal connection of the boiler (C<sub>13</sub>) (extensions, elbows etc.).
- Flue adapter (C<sub>33</sub>) allowing the boiler to be connected to a vertical flue.
- Accessories for vertical connection of the boiler (C<sub>33</sub>) - (terminal, extensions, elbows etc.).
- Adjustment as a function of the room temperature (REG 73).
- 2nd heating circuit kit allowing the connection of a secondary heating circuit (REG 126).
- Clip-in kit secondary circuit allowing the connection of a secondary heating circuit.
- Clip-in communication LPB kit used for cascade or multi-circuit installations (REG 130).
- Clip-in programmable relay kit allowing a secondary pump to work in parallel (REG 127).
- Control unit ZHTi 46 (REG 129) controlling an additional heating circuit.
- Control unit ZHTi 47 (REG 128) allowing cascade management for two boilers.

Domestic hot water production system (type BS).

### 2 - RANGE

Models	Functions	Combustion products connection
THI 10-50 C	Only heating	Chimney conduit (B <sub>23</sub> ) Horizontal flue (C <sub>13</sub> ) Vertical flue (C <sub>33</sub> )

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# II - TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

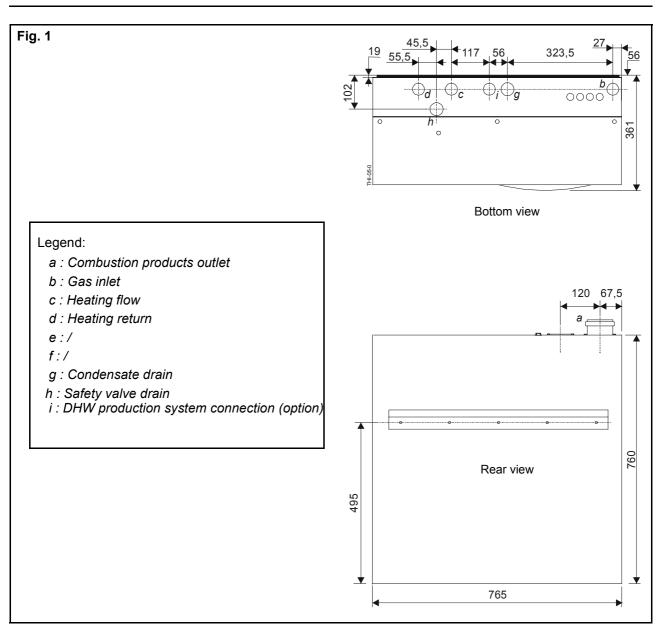
### 1 - CHARACTERISTICS

Model			THI 10-50 C
Certification			CE0085AR0323
Category / Country of destination: GB			II <sub>2H3P</sub>
Nominal power	30/50 °C 60/80 °C	kW kW	10,7/52,6 9,7/48,7
Heat rate	•	kW	10,0/50,0
Efficiency on PCI	30/50 °C 60/80 °C	% %	107,7/105,1 97,4/95,9
Efficiency on PCS	30/50 °C 60/80 °C	% %	96,9/94,6 87,7/86,3
Efficiency according to 92/42 CEE directive (30%) load	d	%	107,7
Useable gases (NG: Natural gas / PG: Propane)			NG H - PG
Combustion product temperature	maxi	°C	80
Over-heating safety of combustion products	•	°C	85
Flow rate of combustion products	mini/maxi	kg/h	18,0/90,0
Permitted back pressure (C <sub>13</sub> )	maxi	Pa	100
Air flow required for combustion	•	m <sup>3</sup> /h	61
NO <sub>x</sub>		mg/kWh	< 60
со		mg/kWh	< 50
Heating service pressure	mini/maxi	bar	1/3
Heating circuit water temperature	maxi	°C	80
Water overheating safety thermostat			100
Boiler water capacity			3,8
Primary water flow	60/80 °C	m <sup>3</sup> /h	2,1
ΔP water (at nominal flow)	•	mbar	600
Thermal losses (∆T 30 K)		W	100
Absorbed electrical power in heating mode:			
Control alone		W	mini : 23 maxi : 53
Pump speed 1		W	110
Pump speed 2		W	124
Pump speed 3		W	147
Stand By Position		W	9,2
Power supply/frequency			230 V (+ 10%, - 15%)/50 Hz
Protection factor models B <sub>23</sub> model C <sub>13</sub> /C <sub>33</sub>			IP 24 IP 44
Weight packaged		kg	80

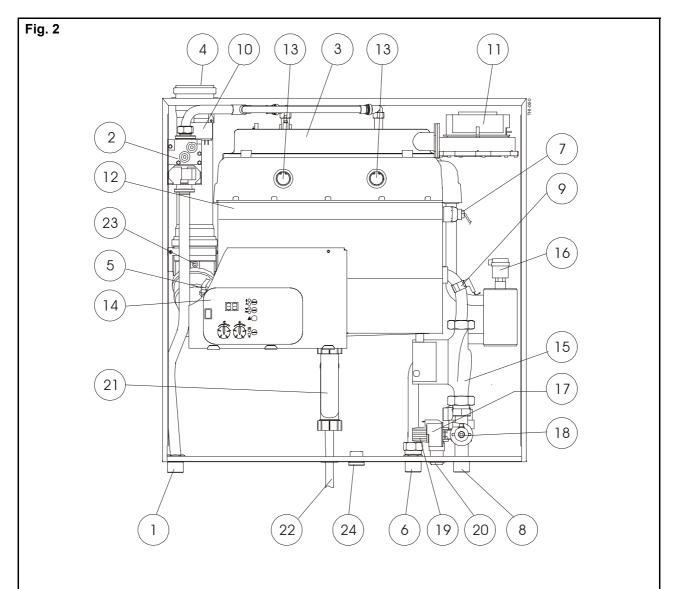
### 2 - PIPE CONNECTION DIAMETERS

Modèles			THI 10-50 C
Ø Combustion products	B <sub>23</sub>	mm	80/139
$\varnothing$ Combustion products $\begin{array}{c} C_{13} \\ C_{33} \end{array}$		mm mm	80/125
Ø Gas inlet			R1
Ø Heating flow/return			R1
Ø Condensation outlet		mm	25
∅ Safety valve outlet			R3/4
Ø DHW production system connection (option § 9 - page 61)			R1 R3/4 with coupling

### 3 - DIMENSIONS



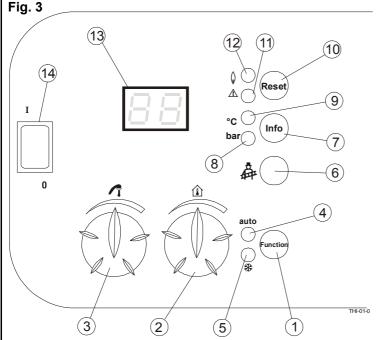
### 4 - LIST OF COMPONENTS



- 1) Gas inlet
- 2) Gas unit (solenoids and regulator) 230 V
- 3) Gas burner
- 4) Combustion products outlet
- 5) Flue gas sensor
- 6) Heating flow
- 7) Heating outlet and safety sensor
- 8) Heating return manifold
- 9) Boiler return sensor
- 10) Ignition transformer 230 V
- 11) Fan 230 V
- 12) Boiler shell
- 13) Sight-glass
- 14) Microprocessor control panel

- 15) 3 speed pump 230 V
- 16) Air bleed
- 17) Pressure sensor
- 18) Filter and drain tap
- 19) Safety valve 3 bar
- 20) Safety valve outlet
- 21) Siphon trap
- 22) Condensate drain
- 23) Combustion check window
- 24) DHW production system connection (option)

### 4.1 - Control panel



- \* The function of the heating temperature (2) and DHW temperature (3) potentiometers differs according the 3 examples below.
- \*\*The On/Off switch (after initial lighting) should be maintained in the "ON" position in order to preserve all the automatic functions of the boiler (anti-freeze, anti-legionella functions, etc).

- The "Function" key gives access to 3 operating modes by simply pressing the key: auto mode: LED (4) on winter mode: LED (5) on summer mode: LED (4) and (5) off
- 2) Regulation of the heating temperature (setting read on the display (13)) \*
- Regulation of the DHW temperature (setting read on the display (13)) \*
- Maintenance key: reserved for servicemen or maitenance (see overleaf)
- 7) "Info" key gives access to 5 types of information on the display (13) by simply pressing the key: Boiler outlet temperature: LED (9) on Sensor temperature: LED (9) flashing Boiler water pressure: LED (8) on Operating phase: LEDs (8/9) off Diagnostics: LEDs (8/9) off/
  Display (13) flashing
- 10) Boiler reset button (After each reset, wait for about 30 seconds before the restart = reset)
- 11) Alarm: Red LED on
- 12) Flame indicator: Green LED on
- Digital display: Alternatively displays the setting selected by the "Info" key and the current default code
- 14) ON/OFF switch (depending on the models) \*\*

### THI Without room sensor or outside sensor

The heating (2) and hot water (3) temperatures setting are manually set on the boiler control panel.

- The FUNCTION key (1) gives access to 2 operating modes:
  - · Auto mode operation (4): no access
  - · Winter mode operation: LED (5) on
  - · Summer mode operation: LED (5) off

### THI Without room sensor and with outside sensor

Possibility of correcting the heating temperature (2) computed automatically using the outside temperature and manual setting of the hot water temperature (3) on the boiler control panel. (The room temperature setting can be changed by + or - 3°C maximum according to the setting).

- The FUNCTION key (1) gives access to 3 operating modes:
  - Auto mode function: auto winter = Leds (4) and (5) on auto summer = Led (4) on + Led (5) off
  - · Winter mode operation: LED (5) on
  - · Summer mode operation: LEDs (4) and (5) off

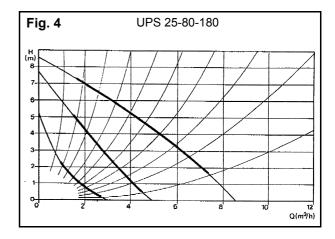
### THI With room sensor and outside sensor

Fitting the QAA73 room sensor cancels the functions of the heating temperature setting (2) and hot water setting (3) on the boiler control panel. All the temperatures required, together with the heating programmes, are set on the QAA 73 (refer to the sensor instructions).

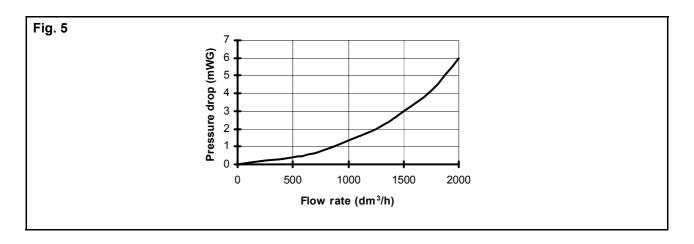
### 5 - CIRCULATING PUMP CHARACTERISTICS

The boiler's integrated circulating pump is equipped with a 3 speed motor (refer to section 1 - page 6).

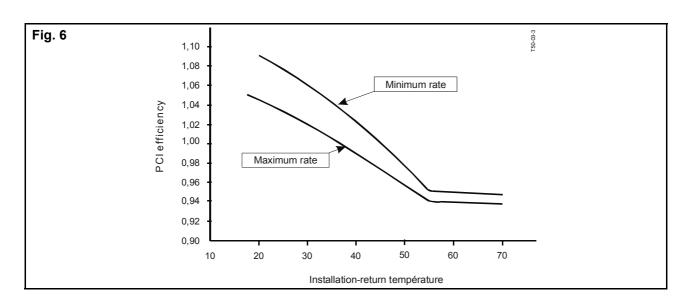
Electrical consumption of the heating circulating pump can be optimised by adapting its speed to the needs of the installation.



### 6 - PRESSURE DROP IN THE BOILER (HEATING CIRCUIT)



### 7 - THERMAL EFFICIENCY



### **III - OPERATION**

### 1 - GENERAL OPERATING PRINCIPLE

The THI boiler is a very high efficiency condensation boiler owing to the burner and heat exchanger that benefit from our longstanding experience.

The over-sized fin tube exchanger and its combustion chamber cooled by water in the upper section, combines the functions of heat exchanger and condenser.

Second generation digital control continuously optimizes the operating rate by using information sent to the microprocessor by the sensors fitted on the boiler:

- boiler flow sensor,
- boiler return sensor,
- outside temperature sensor,
- flue gas flue gastemperature sensor,
- room sensor,
- pressure sensor,
- fan speed control (pneumatic air/gas control),
- communication bus with external regulators.

Each of the sensors is allocated to an algorithm that optimizes the operation and generates information or fault codes that can be read from the display of the control panel or QAA73 room sensor.

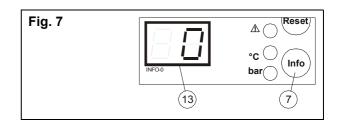
### 2 - OPERATION OF THE LMU MANAGEMENT UNIT

### 2.1 - Normal operating conditions

To access the operating phases of the LMU (display level A4), press the info key (7) three times. The different phases will then be displayed (13).

#### Note:

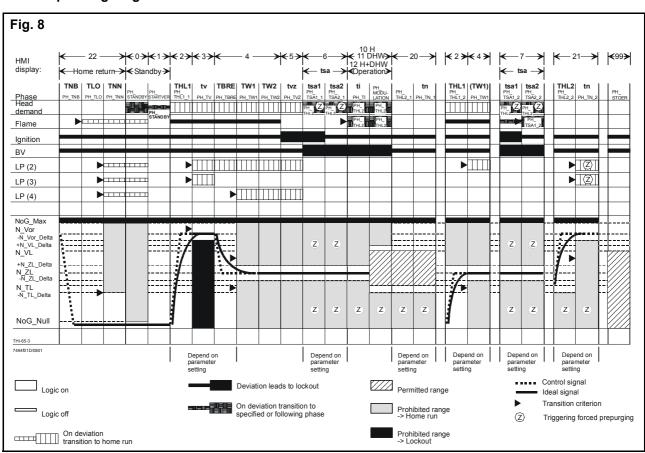
- The phase display will stop automatically after 8 minutes.
- Otherwise, press the info key 2 times more.



Programming order for normal operating				nditions
Display	Meaning		Display	
88	Stand-by (no heating request)		85 87	Ignition
8 1	Start-up blocked			Heating
82	Fan speed rise time			Hot wate
83	Pre-ventilation time		[]	Heating THI)
84	Waiting time		20 2:	Post-vei commar
85	Pre-ignition time		22	Return t
			99	Fault po code)

Display	Meaning
85 87	Ignition - safety time
10	Heating mode operation
1 1	Hot water mode operation
12	Heating + DHW operation (disabled for THI)
20 21	Post-ventilation with last operation command
22	Return to initial setting
99	Fault position (display of current fault code)

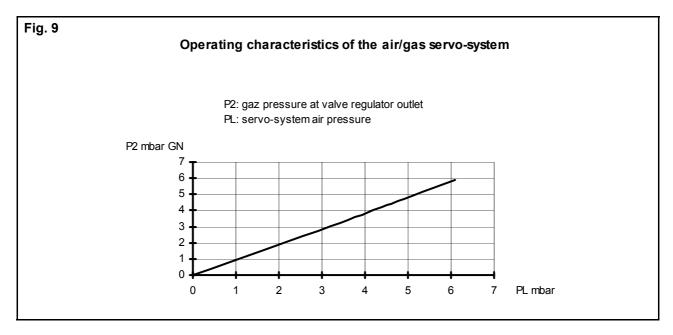
### 2.2 - Operating diagram



Explanation of the operating phases					
Display	Phase	Description			
Shut down					
80	PH_STANDBY (unlimited)	The boiler is on standby and waiting for a heating request.			
8 1	PH_STARTVER	Start-up is blocked. The corresponding diagnostic code is emitted (shunt X10-03).			
Start-up: he	ating request				
82	PH_THL1_1 (THL1)	Fan speed rise time: - This time ends as soon as the fan motor speed reaches the program for pre-ventilation			
83	PH_TV (tv)	Pre-ventilation time			
84	PH_TBRE + PH_TW1	Tapering time - This time ends as soon as the ignition load programmed for pre-ventilation is reached			
85	PH_TVZ (tvz)	Pre-ignition time: - Appearance of the ignition arc prior to opening the gas valve, which occurs at the start of phase 6			
85 and	PH_TSA1_1 + PH_TSA2_1 (tsa)	Safety time - A flame signal should be present before the safety time has elapsed. If this does not occur, another ignition attempt is made.			
87					
∏ and	PH_TI + PH_MODULATION:	Burner operation 10: heating operation 11: domestic hot water operation 12: heating and domestic hot water operation (disabled for THI)			
1 1	• PH_TI	Flame stabilisation interval.			
and	• PH_MODULATION	In this phase, the LMU (regulator) send its results.			
Return to s	standby: The switch from the op and "return to	perating position to the Standby position is split into "shut-down" initial setting"			
Shut-down: This occurs when the heating request disappears					
20 and	PH_THL2_1 + PH_TN1	Post-ventilation time - The fan remains on during the post-ventilation time			
21					
Return to i		ch from the shut-down position to standby. This phase is also standby position after exceptional events such as a RESET.			
22	PH_TNB + PH_TLO + PH_ TNN: Return to initial setting				

### 2.3 - Principle of air/gas servo-control system

The gas valve fitted on each boiler is controlled by the air pressure supplied by the fan, thus guaranteeing a correct air-gas ratio over the whole modulation range (constant  $CO_2$ ). This ratio remains constant despite any pressure drop in the combustion products outlet or the air intake. The air-gas link is pneumatic.



### 2.4 - Air pressure variation procedure

Linear pressure modulation is carried out by a 230 V variable-speed fan controlled by the LMU which calculates the speed needed at any given time to produce the required pressure.

### 2.5 - Emission of pollutants

This air/gas control combined with high efficiency pre-mixing burner enables CO and nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions to be obtained that lie within the values laid down by the most demanding of quality standards.

### 3 - FUNCTIONS

### 3.1 - Anti-freeze function

- Boiler anti-freeze protection: When the boiler temperature is below 5°C, the burner and the heating circuit pump are switched on. When the temperature increases and exceeds 15°C, the burner stops and the pump continues to circulate for 10 minutes.
- Anti-freeze protection for the installation: This function uses the real outside temperature. It adopts a different behaviour depending on the temperature. If no measured outside temperature is available, the function is blocked.

Different reactions can occur depending on the outdoor temperature measured:

- If the outdoor temperature is less than or equal to -5°C, the pumps operate continuously,
- If the temperature lies between -4 and 1.5°C, the pumps operate for 10 minutes every 6 hours.
- If the outdoor temperature is over 1.5°C, the pumps shut-down (no heating request).

Any domestic hot water request is given priority.

- Building anti-freeze protection:

The anti-freeze function of the building is a control function (available with the QAA73 room sensor) used to maintain the room temperature at a minimum value, thus preventing the risk of freezing in the building.

### 3.2 - Anti-legionnella function

To provide a substantial degree of protection against the development of pathogenic bacteria in the domestic hot water tank during prolonged shutdowns, the domestic hot water must be heated once a week to a temperature above 60°C.

The anti-legionnella function is used for this purpose. It heats the hot water storage tank once a week, on Monday, after the first load, to a 65°C "anti-legionnella" temperature.

### 3.3 - Pump run-on after the end of heating

When the heating mode ends, the heating circuit pump remains on for a certain period (depending on the settings used: QAA 73 setting: 544).

In hot water storage systems, when domestic hot water heating ends, the heating circuit pump remains on until the boiler temperature drops below 70°C. During this pump run-on period, the selector valve remains in the "domestic hot water feed" position.

### 3.4 - Pump kick or selector valve kick

If the heating circuit pump has not operated or if the selector valve has not been activated for more than about 24 hours, these elements are activated during operating stops for approximately 5 seconds.

### 3.5 - Boiler overheat protection

The boiler flow sensor in combination with the heating return sensor provide the overheat safety function.

There are two safety levels:

- if the first temperature value is exceeded, this is signalled by a fault code on the display screen,
  - THI 10-50 : 90°C
- if the second temperature value is exceeded (100°C), it is signalled by an alarm code on the display. The boiler switches to safety mode. The boiler must be reset to be restarted.

If the temperature is exceeded, the heat present must be evacuated through the fan and circulation pump.

The two elements (fan and circulation pump) remain on until the boiler shell temperature drops.

In the control algorithm, supervision of the temperature difference  $\Delta T$  between the flow and return results in the shutdown of the burner if  $\Delta T$  is above 56°C.

### 3.6 - Monitoring of flue gas temperature

The monitoring of flue gas temperature is not classed as a function related to safety, but is a priority factor in the control of the boiler.

- The boiler operates at minimum power if the flue gas temperature exceeds 85°C,
- The boiler is on "Stand-by" if the flue gas temperature reaches 88°C.

The boiler can only be restarted automatically after 15 minutes if there is no longer a fault.

### 3.7 - Boiler return temperature control

The information from the return sensor is used in the event of a very low flow (large  $\Delta T$ ) (reduction in burner power or shut-down of the burner).

It is also enabled for cascade connection.

### 3.8 - Monitoring of hydraulic pressure

This is a priority function with respect to the control of the boiler.

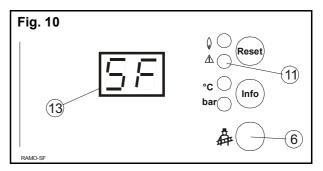
- the power of the boiler is limited if the pressure is above 4 bar.
- the boiler reduces power to 20% if the pressure in between 0.2 and 0.4 bars (fault code is displayed),
- the boiler sets of an alarm and the pump stops if the pressure is lower than 0.2 bars (alarm code is displayed).

The boiler must be reset to clear the fault position if the minimum value has been exceeded.

### 3.9 - Anti-short burner cycle protection function

To prevent the boiler from cutting out suddenly, the power failure differential is adjusted according to the real temperature curve of the boiler.

### 3.10 - Cleaning function



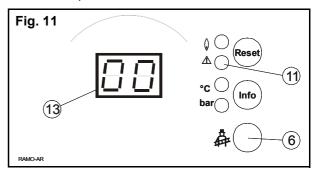
To enable this function, press the clean key (6) until the red LED (11) lights up then release it. The LED (11) then starts flashing once per period. The signalling coded "SF" is displayed on the screen (13).

Heating takes place at maximum calorific power until arriving at the maximum temperature TKSmax.

To disable the cleaning function, press on the clean key (6) for 3 seconds then release it.

### 3.11 - Regulator shutdown function

The regulator shut-down function enables the fan motor speed to be set manually via a domestic hot water temperature potentiometer (3), and therefore the heat output of the boiler.



- Press the clean key (6) for longer than 8 seconds,
  - The red LED (11) flashes twice per period.
  - The codes [ ] [ ] appear on the display (13) and flash twice. This code corresponds to the percentage of the boiler heating rate.

The safety function and the "all or nothing" regulator are operating.

To disable the regulator shutdown function, press the clean key (6) for 3 seconds then release it.

### 3.12 - LMU programmable key

The following functions can be allocated to the programmable key via the setting

KonfigEingang (QAA 73 setting : 614):

- 0: The programmable key function is not used.
- 1: Default, modem function enabled, if the contact (X10-04) is closed; disabled if the contact is open.
- 2: Modem function disabled, if the contact (X10-04) is open; enabled if the contact is closed.
- 3: Hot air curtain function enabled, if the contact (X10-04) is closed.

### Hot air curtain function (swimming pool):

This function enables the boiler setting to be raised to its maximum value.

It can be enabled in summer and winter modes.

- Modulation of the burner output is maintained.
- Domestic hot water priority is maintained.
- This function is enabled when the contact is closed.

#### Modem function:

The modem function allows the boiler to be placed on "standby" or to be switched off via the telephone. All protection functions (e.g. anti-freeze function, pump kick) remain active.

On the other hand, when this function is activated, some of the other functions are not ensured:

- The antifreeze function of the installation is not guaranteed.
- The anti-legionella function of the unit is no longer used.

### 3.13 - Automatic summer/winter switching (only activated with outside sensor)

The automatic summer/winter switching function enables summer mode to be switched to winter mode (and vice versa) throughout the year without the need for any intervention.

The heating is shut down (when switching from winter mode to summer mode) when the average outside temperature measured over the preceding 24 hours is over the +1°C setting, namely 20°C.

The heating is also started up again (when switching from summer mode to winter mode) automatically when the average outside temperature measured over the preceding 24 hours is below the -1°C setting, namely 18°C.

- Note:

The switchover setting is set to 19°C and can only be changed by using the QAA 73 room sensor.

The automatic mode must obviously be activated on the boiler as well as on the QAA 73 room sensor for the automatic summer/winter switching to be available.

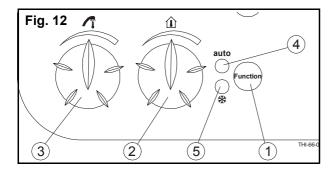
This function is activated by default in the QAA 73 basic configuration.

### 4 - DIFFERENT VERSIONS OF THE THI



The standard configuration is for the connection of:

- one radiator circuit (CC1),
- one under-floor heating circuit (CC2) via the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit clip-in kit.



# 4.1 - THI basic model (without outside sensor, without room sensor)

The heating and domestic hot water flow temperatures are set manually with the respective potentiometers (2 and 3) on the boiler control panel.

The regulator (LMU management unit) thus sets the heating rate required to provide the heating and hot water settings specified by the user.

The "Function" key (1) switches between the summer (hot water only) and winter (heating and hot water) modes. (The auto function is not accessible in this case).

Please refer to section 4.1 - page 9 - Chapter II - TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS.

Note: The installation of under-floor heating is not possible in this configuration.

### 4.2 - THI with outside sensor only

### 4.2.1 - Principle

The domestic hot water temperature is set manually using the potentiometer (3) on the boiler control panel

The heating flow temperature is calculated automatically by the regulator (LMU management unit), and determined according to the outside temperature and the slope of the heating curve. The room temperature can be modified by only + or - 3°C using the heating temperature potentiometer (2).

The "Function" key (1) switches between the summer (hot water only) and winter (heating and hot water) modes.

Refer to section 4.1 - page 9 - Chapter II - TECHNI-CAL SPECIFICATIONS.

#### Note:

 An under-floor heating system can be connected by following the instructions in section 4.2.3 page 19.

### 4.2.2 - Modification of the room temperature

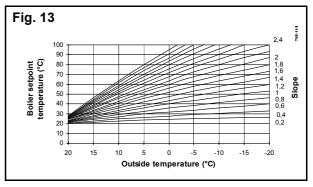
The room temperature setting is pre-set to 20°C on the LMU management unit, it can be modified if required:

- Set the heating temperature potentiometer (2) to the required value,
- The display indicates the correction made by +/- 3°C with respect to the 20°C value,

The correction is recognised by the LMU by leaving the potentiometer on the required position.

### 4.2.3 - Modification of the heating curve slope

The heating curve slope depends on the characteristics of the building and the size of the heating installation.



The slope of the heating curve is pre-set in the factory to the value 15 for a radiator system and theoretically gives an room temperature of 20°C for a standard installation.

Note: The maximum permitted flow temperature is limited by TKSmax (line 504, via the QAA73 room sensor)

The characteristics of the living area (heating surface, insulation) may require the pre-set values on the LMU to be adjusted.

- For a radiator heating system:
  - Reset the room temperature by +/-3°C (section 4.2.2 - page 19) then if this correction is not sufficient,
  - Modify the heating curve slope (section 4.2.3.1 page 20).
- For an under-floor heating system:
  - Reset the value of the heating curve slope of 15 (factory setting) to 8 (section 4.2.3.1 - page 20) and according to the installation requirements,
  - Modify the room temperature by +/-3°C (section 4.2.2 page 19).

### 4.2.3.1 - Procedure for modifying the parameters of the heating curve slope

1	Initial display: Green LED "°C" is on bar Info b		
	Press the Info key until  is displayed then release it and press for the same period until  is		
2	key until [ ] is displayed their release it and press for the same period until [ ] is		
	displayed (the display indicates 🔚 🗍 then 📃 🗀 : intermediate positions).		
3	After a few moments, 📙 🔄 is displayed.		
4	Press on the (Info) key twice until [- 5] is displayed on the screen.		
5	무두 setting of the slope permutes with 무두 the default value of the slope.		
6	Only when the display shows 75 press the linfo key until the "bar" LED flashes:		
	bat Info		
7	Increase the value 🗔 by pressing (Info) until the value 🗔 🖂 is displayed.		
	and the value [7] by precessing and the value [7] is displayed.		
	Store the value  by pressing the  key for a certain time until the LEDS "°C" and "bar"		
8			
	bar Info extinguish		
9	Return to the initial display		

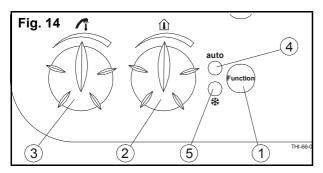
### 4.2.3.2 - Procedure for modifying the parameters of the <u>parallel shift</u> of the heating curve

1	Initial display: Green LED "°C" is on bar Info
	The display shows the heating flow temperature.
2	Press the Info key until I is displayed then release it and press for the same period until I is
	displayed (the display indicates : intermediary positions)
3	After a few moments, 📮 🗍 is displayed.
4	Press on the Info key three times until  is displayed on the screen.
5	setting of the parallel shift permutes with  the default value of the shift.
6	Only when the display shows press the linfo key until the "bar" LED flashes:
7	Increase the value  by pressing until the value  is displayed.
	Store the value  by pressing the  key for a certain time until the LEDS "°C" and "bar"
8	©C Info E extinguish
9	Return to the initial display

### 4.2.3.3 - Return to the initial display

Procedure	Observation
Press the Info key until the Info display appears then release the key.	This enables you to return to the initial position (i.e. the display shows the heating flow temperature) when the procedures 4.2.3.1 - page 20 and 4.2.3.2 - page 21 are being applied or during any other actions on the boiler control panel.

### 4.3 - THI with outside and room sensors



Installing the QAA73 room sensor on the boiler cancels the functions of the setting potentiometers of the heating (1) and domestic hot water (2) temperatures on the boiler control panel. All the temperatures, the operating settings and the heating programmes are set on the QAA 73 (please refer to the instructions supplies with the sensor).

#### Note:

- For heating by radiators or by under-floor heating, refer to section 4.2.3 - page 19.

### 4.3.1 - Automatic summer/winter switching

Refer to section 3.13 - page 18.

### 4.3.2 - Room temperature compensation function

This function corrects the boiler flow temperature according to the real room temperature measured by the QAA 73 room sensor.

The QAA 73 can be deactivated or configured differently according to the wishes of the customer (refer to heating engineer setting line 75).

#### Note:

- The "room temperature compensation" function is activated by default on the CC1 heating circuit standard configuration of the sensor.
- The function is activated if the room sensor is placed in a room whose temperature is typical of the accommodation. This room must not be fitted with temperature control radiators. The room sensor must be fitted away from sources of heat or cold.

When the room temperature compensation is inactive, the QAA 73 room sensor becomes a remote control device acting on the heating curve for the day-night temperature drops.

### 4.3.3 - Auto-adapt function

This function automatically corrects the heating curve by measuring the real room temperature.

The auto-adapt function is deactivated in the basic configuration. It can be activated via line 77 by using the +/- keys.



When the auto-adapt function is activated, the room temperature compensation function must also be activated, section 4.3.2 - page 22.

### **IV - INSTALLATION**

### 1 - GENERAL

Installing a wall-mounted gas boiler presents no particular difficulty.

The installation of the boiler must be carried out by a competent person in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations, Building Regulations, Model Water Byelaws and the Building Standards (Scotland) Regulations. It must also comply with the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations and the relevant recommendations of the following British Standard Codes.

Regulations and the relevant recommendations of the following British Standard Codes of Practice.

CR331.3	Low pressure	installation	nines
011001.0	LOW prossure	IIIStanation	pipcs.

BS.5449.1 Forced circulation hot water systems.

BS.5546 Installation of gas hot water supplies for domestic purposes.

BS.5440.1 Flues (for gas appliances of rated input

not exceeding 60 kW).

BS.5440.2 Air supply (for gas appliances of rated input not exceeding 60 kW).

BS.6798 Boilers of rated input not exceeding 60 kW.

### Note:

 The boiler is only suitable for installation in a sealed system and must not be used with an open vented system.

### **LOCATION OF BOILER**

The boiler can be installed on the inner face of an external wall - and some internal walls - providing they are flat, vertical and capable of adequately supporting the weight of the boiler and any ancillary equipment.

The boiler may be installed in any room or internal space, although particular attention is drawn to the requirements of the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations and, in Scotland, the electrical provisions of the Building Regulations applicable in Scotland with respect to the installation of the boiler in a room or internal space containing a bath or shower. Where installation is in a room containing a bath or shower, any electrical switch or boiler control utilising mains electricity should be situated so that it cannot be touched by a person using the bath or shower.

Where installation will be in an unusual location, special procedures may be necessary and BS.6798 gives detailed guidance on this subject.

A compartment used to enclose the boiler **MUST** be designed and constructed specially for this purpose.

An existing cupboard or compartment may be used provided it is modified for the purpose. Details of essentiel features of cupboard/compartment design, including airing cupboard installations, are given in BS.6798.

In siting the boiler, the following limitations **MUST** be observed:

- The position selected for installation MUST allow adequate space for servicing in front of the boiler and for air circulation around the boiler.
- 2) This position **MUST** also permit the provision of a satisfactory balanced flue termination.

#### Note:

If the boiler is to be fitted in a timber framed building, it should be Jitted in accordance with the British Gas publication "Guide for Gas Installations in Timber Frame Housing". Reference DM2.
 If in doubt, advice must be soughtfrom the Local Gas Region of British Gas.

When siting the boiler, provision must be made for the disposal of the condensate, see Section 4 -Condensate drain.

The pressure relief valve connection should be routed to an external, visible point where the discharge of steam or water cannot create a hazard to persons or property. BS.5449: 1 refers.

### **GAS SUPPLY**

Installation pipes should be fitted in accordance with CP.331.3.

The complete installation must be tested for soundness and purged in accordance with CR331.3.

### **FLUEING**

Detailed recommendations for flueing are given in BS.5440.1. The following notes are intended for general guidance.

### **AIR SUPPLY**

### a) - For room-sealed systems

Detailed recommendations for air supply are given in BS.5440.2. The following notes are intended for general guidance.

Where the boiler is to be installed in a room or internal space, the boiler does not require the room or internal space containing it to have a permanent air vent.

Where the boiler is to be installed in a cupboard or compartment, permanent high and low level air vents are required for cooling purposes in the cupboard or compartment. Both vents must communicate with the same wall to outside air.

The minimum effective area of the permanent air vents required in the cupboard or compartment are given in Table 3.

**Table 3 AIR VENT AREAS** 

Position of air vents	Air from room or internal space	Air direct from outside
High level	500 cm <sup>2</sup>	250 cm <sup>2</sup>
	77.5 in²	39 in²
Low level	500 cm <sup>2</sup>	250 cm <sup>2</sup>
	77.5 in²	39 in²

### b) - For natural draught system:

Detailed requirements are given in BS 5440.2

### WATER CIRCULATION SYSTEM

A suitable expansion vessel must be fitted to the system external to the boiler and must be sized to accommodate the expansion of the total water content of the system. BS7074 and "British Gas Specifications for Domestic Wet Central Heating Systems' Part 3 gives guidance in this subject.

The central heating system should be in accordance with the relevant recommendations given in BS.6798 and, in addition, for small bore and microbore systems - BS.5449.1. The domestic hot water system, if applicable, should be in accordance with the relevant recommendations of BS.5546.

Copper tubing, to BS. 287 1. 1, is recommended for water carrying pipework.

#### **ELECTRICAL SUPPLY**

Wiring external to the boiler must be in accordance with the I.E.E. Wiring Regulations and any local regulations.

### 2 - VENTILATION

### 2.1 - THI models with conventional flue connection

- All fuel burning devices consume a quantity of air that is proportional to their power. Efficient ventilation of the installation's premises is therefore necessary (according to installation standards).
  - High ventilation, with a free section of at least 100 cm<sup>2</sup>, should be placed at least 1.80 m above the ground, as well as an air inlet, in the lower part, of a cross-section of 100 cm<sup>2</sup>.
- To avoid any form of corrosion, the combustion air must be free of any harmful agents. They are thought to encourage the corrosion of halogenated hydrocarbons, containing combinations of chlorine or fluorine, which can be found in solvents, paints, glues, gas propellants and domestic cleaning products, etc.

### 2.2 - THI models with balanced flue connection

When the THI boiler is installed with the horizontal or vertical balanced flue kits that are supplied as options, the combustion circuit is sealed in relation to the installation premises.

These sealed units can be installed on premises that either have or do not have windows or air inlets. However, all measures must be taken to ensure that the temperature of the installation room does not exceed 45°C (ventilation).

### 3 - COMBUSTION PRODUCT FLUEING

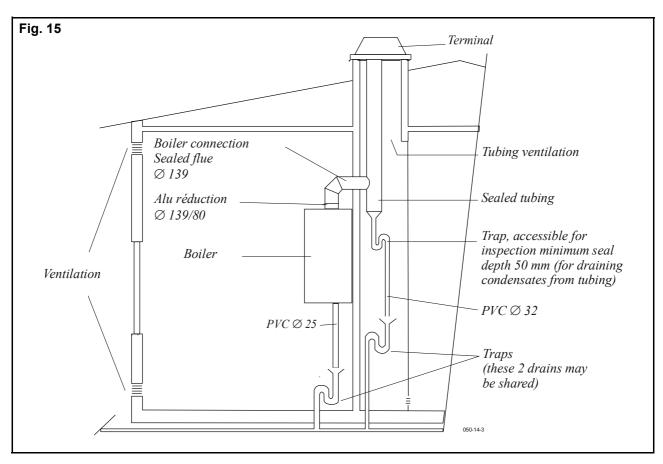


The combustion product outlet systems described in this manual are systems normally used on the European market. However, some of them cannot be used in all the countries of the EEC. The installer or client must ensure that the flue system chosen complies with local installation regulations.

### 3.1 - Conventional flue outlets (B23 model)

 The THI boiler operates by condensation, which involves the use of a sealed drain outlet. The combustion products are saturated with water vapour and continue to condense onto the walls of

- the lining. The condensates must therefore be collected at the base of the conduit and directed to the drain. The condensates are acids (PH4), so the use of a stainless steel conduit is recommended.
- Systematically check that the condition and the cross-sectional area of the flue are correctly adopted to open flued combustion product extraction. If they are defective, carry out repairs or tubing in accordance with the installation standard.
- If the boiler is installed in premises that have mechanical air extraction, check regularly that this does not cause negative pressure.
- The conventional flue connection must be installed by retaining an upwards slope towards the flue (2% minimum). Use a rigid flue that has a smaller diameter than that of the boiler.



### 3.2 - Balanced flue outlet

### 3.2.1 - Balanced flue system installation requirements:

The recommended clearance distances according to the installation standards are:

 A = 0.30 m: minimum clearance distance of the combustion production extraction outlet axis to any opening,

### - B = 0.30 m:

minimum distance from the axis of the combustion production extraction outlet to any other ventilation air inlet,

#### - C = 2 .00 m:

combustion product extraction outlet and air inlet of sealed circuit units with openings at less than 2.00m from the ground must be efficiently tamper-proof so as to prevent any intervention that could affect correct functioning. Combustion product extraction outlets that open out directly onto an outside route (public or private road) less than 1.80m from the ground, except for condensation installations, must have a fixed defector that redirects discharged gas more or less parallel to the wall.

### Recommended distances:

#### - D = 0.30 m:

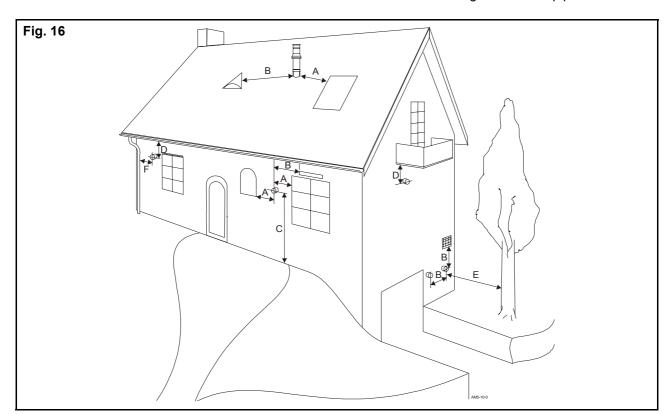
centre distance from the combustion product extraction outlet to the ground, from a roof overhanging or above a balcony,

### - E = 0.60 m:

distance of a combustion product extraction outlet from a hedge or plant,

### - F = 0.15 m:

space between the combustion product extraction outlet and a gutter or drainpipe.

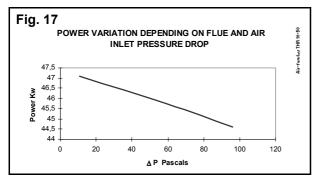


#### 3.2.2 - General

Check that the air inlet and combustion product extraction outlet tube and bend joints are properly sealed after mounting.

Air intake by the burner and extraction of combustion product is carried outside the premises by using concentric tubes.

Power is automatically reduced by means of the air/gas servo-control system. No systematic adjustment is required when commissioning the installation. Only the usual CO and  $\rm CO_2$  checks should be carried out (§ 3 - page 52 - chapter VII - GAS CONVERSION ). The maximum DP of 100 Pa is obtained with a vertical balanced flue DN 80/125 length 8 metres with two 45° elbows or with a horizontal balanced flue length 4 meters.



# 3.2.3 - Drainage by horizontal balanced flue (C<sub>13</sub>)

- Standard balanced flue length: L = 1 m
- Maximum linear length of horizontal flue:

  Lmax = 4 m

### Recommendations



Horizontal balanced flue installation is possible when the wall next to the boiler leads to a well-ventilated area on the outside.

Do not place the flue terminal at the front of the building or in an access area (possible obstruction).

The horizontal balanced flue can be fitted to the right or lefthand side or directly to the rear of the boiler and can cross a wall-thickness of 1 metre maximum.

Two balanced flue terminals from two separate boilers, positioned side by side, must be separated by a minimum distance of 0.3 metres.

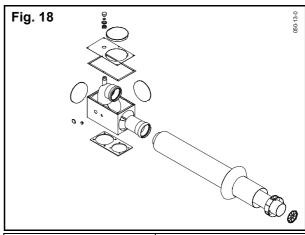
When installing the horizontal balanced flue, use a 2% upward grade towards the outside for the combustion product tube.



To make assembly easier, apply liquid soap over 5 cm of the section of the tube to be fitted.

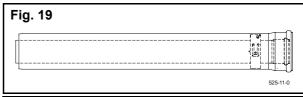
# 3.2.3.1 - 1 m horizontal balanced flue kit (option)

See kit assembly guide



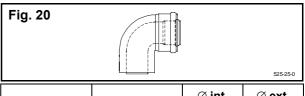
Reference	Length mm	
V00.23774	1000	

### 3.2.3.2 - 2 m polypropylene/PVC concentric flue extensions kit (option)



Reference	Length	Ø int.	Ø ext.
	mm	mm	mm
V00.24245	2000	80	125

# 3.2.3.3 - Polypropylene/PVC concentric bends kit (option)



Reference	Bend type	Ø int. mm	Ø ext. mm
V00.24246	90°	80	125

### Note:

Each 90° bend added reduces the total authorised length by 1 m

### 3.2.3.4 - Installation examples

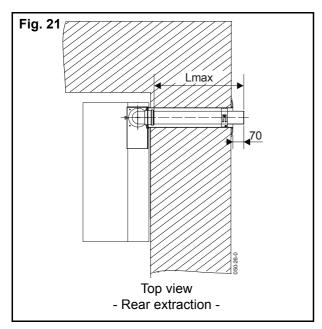
Please refer to the guide when installing the kit.

### Note:

- For lengths greater than 1 m (standard horizontal flue kit) use the extensions and bends supplied as an option.

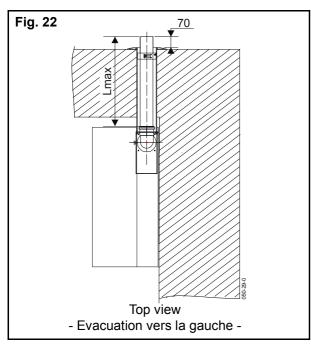
Lmax ≤ 4 m

### 3.2.3.4.1 - Straight horizontal balanced flue



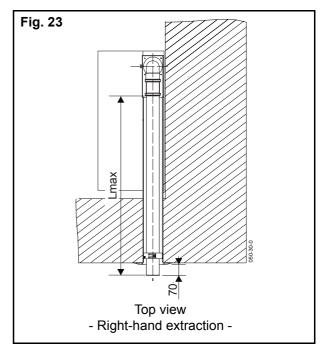
### Accessory:

- 1 horizontal balanced flue kit - I = 1 m.



### Accessory:

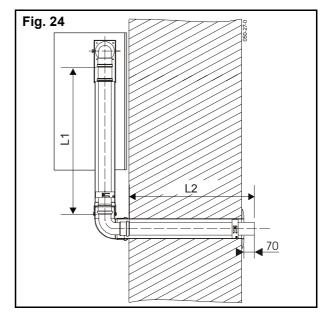
- 1 horizontal balanced flue kit - I = 1 m.



### Accessory:

- 1 horizontal balanced flue kit - I = 1 m.

### 3.2.3.4.2 - Flue with bend:



### Accessories:

- 1 horizontal balanced flue kit I = 1 m.
- 1 concentric extension kit Ø 80/125 I = 2 m,
- 1 x 90° concentric bend kit Ø 80/125.

### $Lmax = L1 +1 m + L2 \le 4 m$

### Note:

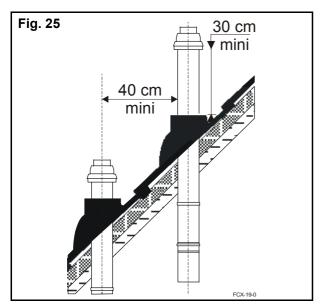
 Each 90° bend added reduces the total permitted length by 1m.

### 3.2.4 - Extraction by vertical balanced flue (C<sub>33</sub>)

Besides the previously mentioned installation regulations pertaining to flues, the vertical flue terminal must allow a minimum distance of 30 cm between the roof level (sloping or flat) and the air intake zone.

The proximity of two terminals is also regulated: it is recommended that two adjoining terminals should be placed in the same horizontal plane. If this cannot be applied, the axis of the lower terminal must be at a distance of at least 0.40 m from the closest point of the air intake hole of the highest terminal.

Maximum length of vertical flue = 8 m



### Recommendations



Horizontal parts must be avoided to prevent any risk of condensate retention.

It is recommended to use 45° bends rather than 90° bends.

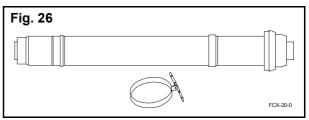
Use fastening collars for the vertical parts.

Position the terminal at least 1 metre from a vertical wall (end walls).

Apply liquid soap to approximately 5 cm of the part of the tube to be fitted to make assembly easier.

# 3.2.4.1 - Polypropylene/PVC concentric vertical terminal (option)

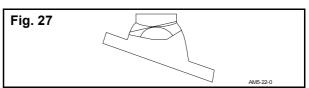
For sloping roofs.



Reference	Colour	Length (*) mm	Ø int. mm	Ø ext. mm
N40.28393	Tile	1080	80	125
N40.28394	Black	1080	80	125

(\*) Useful length under sleeve tile - I = 0.43 m

### 3.2.4.2 - Sleeve tile with adaptive coupling (option)



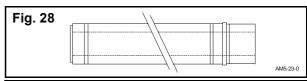
Reference	Slope	Type of covering	Colour
N40.12165	25 ° - 45 °	Tile*	Tile
N40.12166	35 ° - 55 °	Tile*	Tile
N40.12167	35 ° - 55 °	Slate - Shingle	Black

<sup>\*</sup>Suitable for all types of tiles, for flat tiles < 8 mm use the Slate model

If accessories of any other brand are used, our guarantee of watertightness will be automatically void

# 3.2.4.3 - Polypropylene/PVC concentric extensions (option)

Joint fitting.

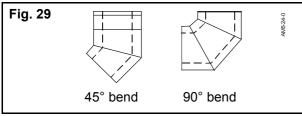


Reference	Length mm	Ø int. mm	Ø ext. mm
N40.28397	500	80	125
N40.28398	1000	80	125

<sup>(\*)</sup> Useful length after assembly - I = 0.45 m or 0.95 m

# 3.2.4.4 - Polypropylene/PVC concentric bends (option)

Joint fitting.

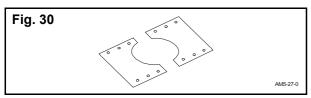


Reference	Type of bend	Ø int. mm	Ø ext. mm
N40.28395	45°	80	125
N40.28396	90°	80	125

Each 45° bend added reduces the total permitted length by 0.5m.

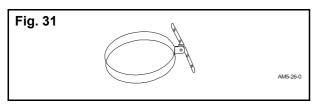
Each  $90^{\circ}$  bend added reduces the total permitted length by 1m.

### 3.2.4.5 - Polypropylene roof plate (option)



Reference	Colour	
A90.12172	noir	

### 3.2.4.6 - Fastening collar (option)

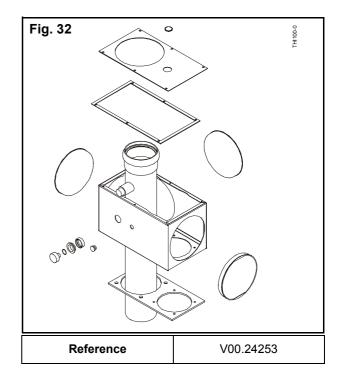


Reference	Quantity	Ø mm
B00.29727	3	125

These collars are essential to fix the vertically positioned extensions so that the boiler outlet does not bear the weight of the conduits.

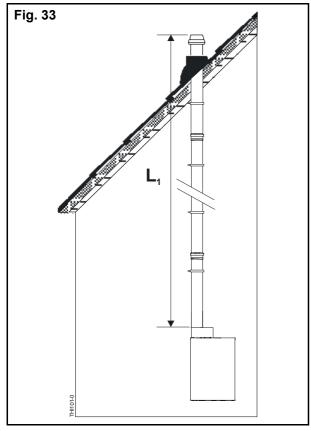
### 3.2.4.7 - Adapting collar for the vertical balanced flue

See assembly instructions for the part.



### 3.2.4.8 - Installation examples

### 3.2.4.8.1 - Straight configuration

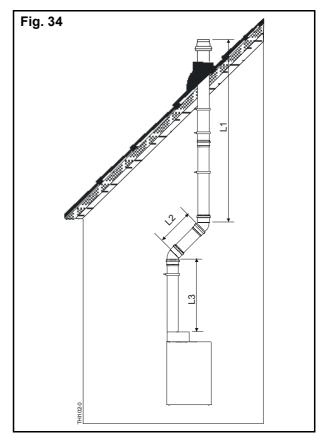


### Accessories:

- Vertical balanced flue adapting collars,
- Concentric extensions Ø 80/125,
- 1 concentric vertical terminal Ø 80/125,
- 1 vertical terminal fastening collar (delivered with vertical terminal),
- 1 sleeve tile with adaptive coupling depending on the type of roofing and roof slope,
- 1 roof plate,
- 3 fastening collars Ø 125,

Lmax = L1  $\leq$  8 m

### 3.2.4.8.2 - Configuration with bends



#### Accessories:

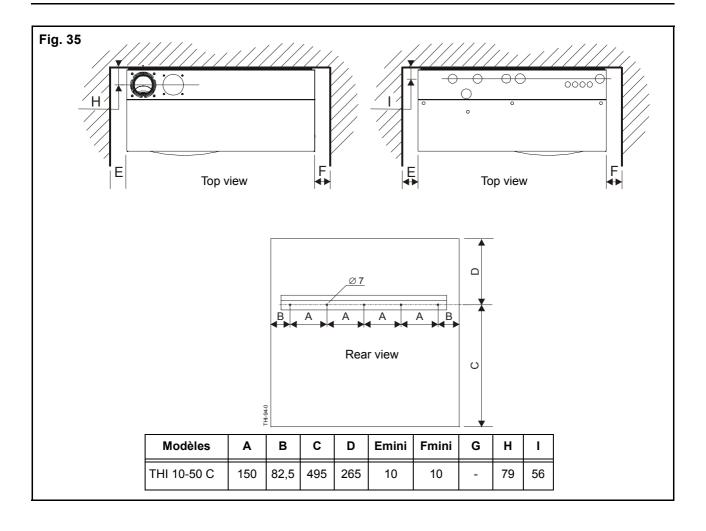
- Vertical balanced flue adapting collars,
- 3 concentric extensions Ø 80/125,
- 2 x 45° concentric bends Ø 80/125
- 1 concentric vertical terminal Ø 80/125,
- 1 vertical terminal fastening collar (delivered with vertical terminal),
- 1 sleeve tile with adaptive coupling depending on the type of roofing and roof slope,
- 1 roof plate,
- 3 fastening collars Ø 125,

 $Lmax = L1 + 0.5 m + L2 + 0.5 m + L3 \le 8 m$ 

### Note:

 Each 45° bend added reduces the total permitted length by 0.5m.

### 4 - SUPPORT BRACKET



### 5 - HYDRAULIC CONNECTION

#### 5.1 - Recommendations



When the boiler is assembled on an old installation, make sure that the installation is rinsed with fresh water, so as to clear any sediment stagnating in areas where the flow is slow.

To prevent circulation noises in an installation featuring temperature controls, the following is recommended:

- Do not fit all the radiators with temperature controls,
- Fit a differential valve,

In accordance with the decree of the Ministry of Health for the protection of the drinking water supply, the filling system must be fitted with a disconnecter of type CB (non-controllable pressure zone).

Never position the isolation valve between the safety control and the hot water tank (THI 10-50 C + DHW production system), never between the boiler shell and the expansion vessel.

# 5.2 - Accessories to connect, install or adjust

- Bleed:

The bleed of the circulating pump features a flexible tube that can be connected to the outlet (condensate extraction funnel).

- Safety control (for hot water production models):
  - The safety control must be installed at a low point (0.25 m from the floor) in order to enable the extraction of the domestic hot water tank by siphoning. Otherwise, use a weld with a low point drain tap.
  - It is normal for the d.h.w. safety control to leak a little water during the pre-heating of the hot water tank. If the cold water pressure exceeds 4 bars, the installation of a pressure-reducing valve on the cold water inlet is advised.

- Isolating valve:

It is recommended to place isolation valves on the installation's flow-returns in order to allow possible servicing on the boiler without having to drain the installation.

Safety valve:

This must be connected to the used water drain via a siphon funnel.

- Condensate outlet:

The condensate outlet must be connected to an accessible siphon.

- Header

A header must imperatively equipped the installation.

- Expansion vessel:

The correct operation of the boiler requires an installation pressure of at least 1 bar.

If the installation is a renovation and uses an open tank, this must be removed and replaced with a closed tank to seal the circuit.

The expansion vessel must be sized properly to guarantee the longevity of the installation. The vessel should be able to support an expansion of 6% of the total water capacity of the heating circuits. But it is important to note, in order to guarantee this expansion, that the useful capacity of a vessel does not equal its actual capacity.

### **Example:**

Installation: 100 litres

· Domestic hot water tank: 5 litres

Boiler: 3,8 litres

Total water capacity: 108,8 litres

Conditions: Using a vessel pre-loaded to 1 bar (under floor boiler = ground floor heating + 1 floor), heating safety valve calibrated at 3 bars, installation filled cold at 1 bar.

· Vessel efficiency calculation (R):

$$R = \frac{\text{(Safety Pressure - Filling pressure)}}{\text{Safety Pressure}}$$

$$R = \frac{(3+1)-(1+1)}{(3+1)} = 0,5$$

+ 1) = the transformation of relative pressures into abolute pressures

 Calculation of the useful capacity of the vessel (Cu):

$$Cu = total \ volume \times expansion$$

$$Cu = 108, 8 \times 0, 06 = 6, 5 \text{ dm}^3$$

 Calculation of the real capacity of the vessel (Cr):

$$Cr = \frac{Cu}{R}$$

$$Cr = \frac{6, 5}{0, 5} = 13 \text{ litres}$$

### 5.3 - Under-floor recommendations

When the boiler directly supplies an under floor heating system and this system is also used to produce domestic hot water (THI 10-50 C + BS), the header gives the capacity to absorb the excess heat produced at the end of the hot water heating cycle. In order to ensure mixing, check that the under floor heating flow is greater than the boiler flow.(refer to § 1 - page 38 - chapter V - SETTINGS OF THE INSTALLATION TYPES).

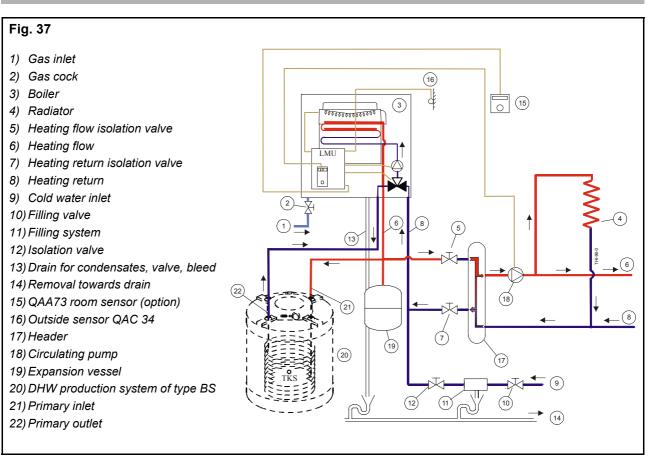
### 5.4 - Heat exchanger flow rate

Taking into account the available boiler outlet pressure, the THI 10-50 must be fitted with an extra header (rep. 17, fig. 36, fig. 37)) and a heating pump (rep. 18, fig. 36, fig. 37)) in order to ensure sufficient flow in both the boiler and the installation. This pump is controlled by the clip-in relay (optional extra). It allows the boiler pump and the heating pump to work in parallel. The header has the advantage of providing total hydraulic independence for the boiler and heating circuits. (Refer to § 1.2 - page 39 - chapter V - SETTINGS OF THE INSTALLATION TYPES).

### 5.5 - Hydraulic connection for models THI 10-50 C

### Fig. 36 1) Gas inlet (15) 2) Gas cock (3) 00000000000000 3) Boiler 4) Radiator 5) Heating flow isolation valve LMU 6) Heating flow 7) Heating return isolation valve 8) Heating return 9) Cold water inlet 10) Filling valve (13) 11) Filling system 12) Isolation valve 13) Drain for condensates, valve, bleed 14) Removal towards drain 15) QAA73 room sensor (option) 16) Outside sensor QAC 34 17) Header 18) Circulating pump 19) Expansion vessel (12)

### 5.6 - Hydraulic connection for models THI 10-50 C + DHW production system of type BS



### 6 - GAS CONNECTION



The boiler is pre-set in the factory for natural gas or propane depending on the models. For operation on propane, see chapter VII - GAS CONVERSION

- The inlet diameter of the boiler gas pipe is 1".
- In natural gas operational mode, a gas stopcock complying to gas regulations must be installed on the gas inlet close to the boiler and within easy access.
- For operation on propane, the 37 mbar pressurereducing valve-trigger used as a gas cock must also remain accessible.
- Only use connections and gaskets that are approved for gas installation use.

- The gas pipe should be flushed before putting the boiler into operation. This is to evacuate any particles created by welding or fitting connections.
- Never flush the gas pipe whilst the boiler is operational (Max Gas Pressure = 100 mbar).
- The gas pipe to the boiler should not cause load losses in excess of 1 mbar (10 mmWG).

Example: For natural gas type G20, 20 mbar for 10 metres of piping and 4 bends: minimum diameter 20/22.

### 6.1 - Connection of a gas safety solenoid

This may be compulsory for propane and depends on the local gas regulations.

The connection of a gas safety solenoid requires the "programmable clip-in with flow sensor" option.

### 7 - ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

- The electrical connection and all the equipment used to make this connection must be in conformity with the codes of practise in force (according to the installation standards),
- the premises must be suitable in terms of boiler protection IP 44 (model C<sub>13</sub> - C<sub>33</sub>) - IP 24 (model - B<sub>23</sub>),

### 7.1 - Mains connection

- Electrical connection of the boiler to the mains using the supply cable,
- Power supply: 230 V 50 Hz (single phase),
- Respect the Live-Neutral polarities,
- Earth connection compulsory.

# 7.2 - Connection of the sensors to the LMU management unit

To connect the sensors to the X10 or X11 terminal of the LMU management please refer to the connection diagram on section 7.4 - page 37 or to the sensor.



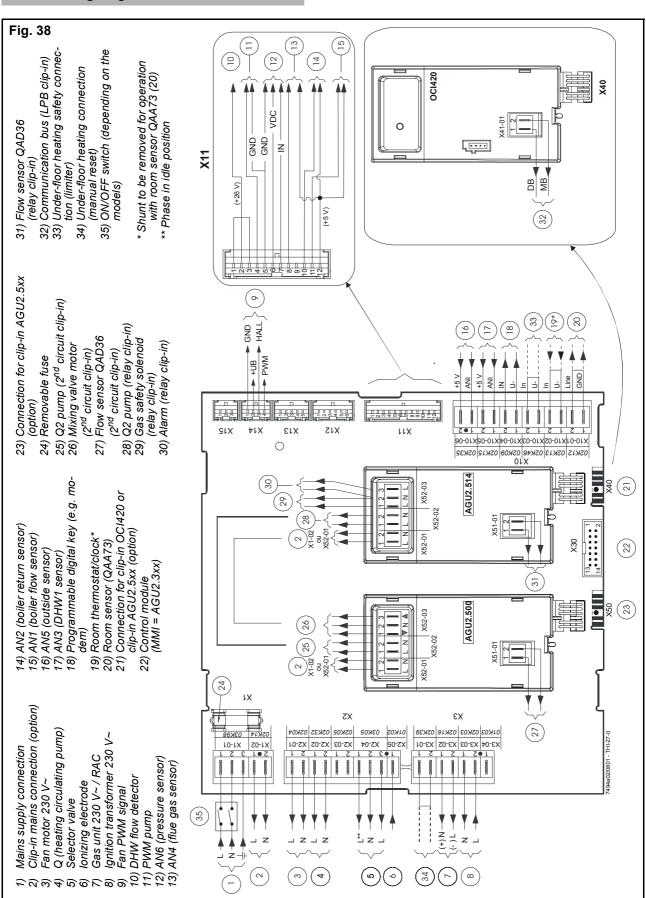
If a fault code is displayed when fitting the sensor to the LMU management unit please refer to chapter IX - OPE-RATING FAULTS.

### 7.3 - Under-floor heating safety

In compliance with the regulations, a safety system must be installed. This system must be separate from the temperature control, feature a manual reset, and must cut off the supply of heat and operate even when there is no current or motor fluid (according to the installation standards).

- Terminal X10-03: Under-floor heating safety connection (limiter) (fig. 38 page 37).
- Terminal X3-01: Under-floor heating safety connection (manual reset) (fig. 38 page 37).

### 7.4 - Wiring diagram



## V - SETTINGS OF THE INSTALLATION TYPES



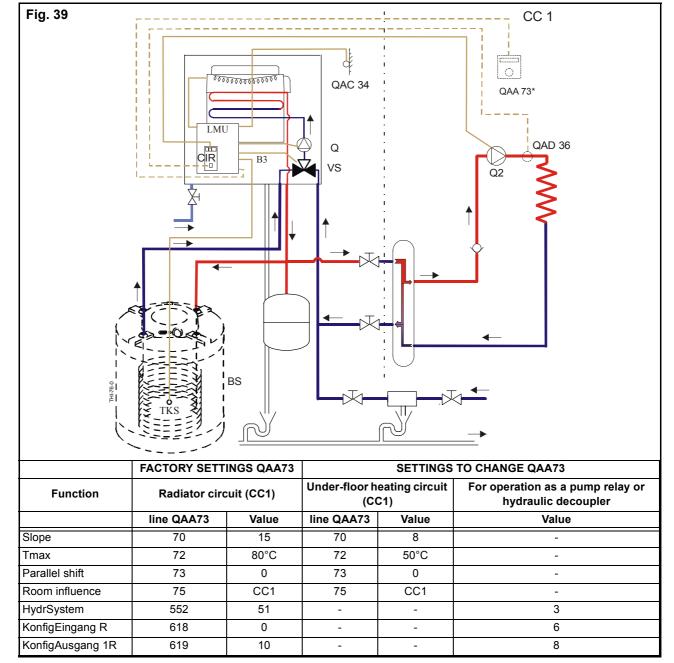
The outside sensor is necessary and must be connected to the LMU (terminal X10-06).

The QAA 73 room sensor is required to access the settings and to adjust them (§ 3 - page 43).

The boiler's standard setup is used for the connection of:

- a Radiator circuit (CC1) controlled by the boiler's LMU,
- an Under-floor heating circuit (CC2) by using the clip-in 2nd circuit kit.

## 1 - SINGLE CIRCUIT



## Note:

- In the case of a single circuit (CC1) either a radiator circuit or an under floor heating circuit
- However if the boiler directly supplies an under floor heating circuit :
  - The QAA 73 settings need changing in accordance with the table above.
  - For recommendations refer to section § 5.3 page 34 - chapter IV - INSTALLATION.

#### **Necessary accessories:**

Accessories list Reference		rences
A programmable relay clip-in kit (CIR)	able relay clip-in kit REG 127 W07.315	
A room temperature sensor (QAA 73)	rature sensor REG 73 REG 73	
A heating circuit pump (Q2)	not supplied	

To fit the options please refer to their respective fitting instructions.

## 1.1 - Heating pump relay operation



The wall mounted sensor QAD36 is not used.

The QAA 73 settings need changing in accordance with the table fig. 39 - page 38.

# 1.1.1 - Installation without domestic hot water production

The two pumps Q (boiler pump) and Q2 (heating circuit pump) Work in parallel whenever there is a heating request.

# 1.1.2 - Installation with domestic hot water heating

- Hot water request met:
  - · pumps Q and Q2 Always work in parallel,
  - the selector valve VS moves to the heating only when in winter mode.
- For a hot water request:
  - the hot water request has priority over a heating request.
    - . the boiler pump Q works,
    - . the heating circuit pump Q2 stops,
    - . the selector valve VS moves to DHW position only when in winter mode.

## 1.2 - Hydraulically disconnected operation



The clip-in kit 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit can not be used for this configuration.

The QAA 73 settings need changing in accordance with the table fig. 39 - page 38.

The operating principle is identical to the heating pump relay except in this case the wall mounted sensor QAD36 is used and connected to the clip-in relay (fig. 39 - page 38).

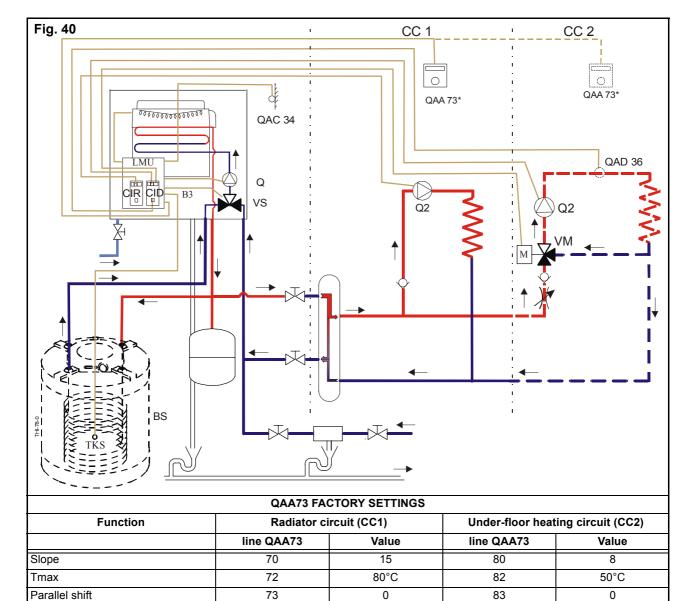
The wall sensor QAD36 guarantees that the selected heater outlet temp after the header is that defined by the LMU control unit, notably in the case when the circulation flow on the boiler side (Q) is less than that of the heating circuit (Q2).

## 2 - DOUBLE CIRCUIT



The radiator circuit must operate at a higher temperature than the under-floor heating circuit. The radiator circuit

must be fitted with temperature controls to finetune the control in each room.



#### Nota:

Room influence

If the 2nd circuit (CC2) is another heating circuit, the values of the slope (8) and the temperature (50°C) must be modified via the QAA73 room sensor and brought to the standard values (slope: 15 - T max: 80°C) (refer to table above).

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## **Necessary accessories:**

CC1

Accessories list	Refe	rences
A second circuit clip-in kit (CID)		W07.30833
A programmable relay clip-in kit (CIR)	W07.315	
A mixing valve motor (M)	1	
A 3 ways mixing valve (VM)		
A room temperature sensor (QAA 73)	) REG 73 REG 73	
Two pumps for CC1 and CC2 (Q2)	not supplied	

<sup>-</sup> refer to the respective assembly instructions

## 2.1 - Heating pump relay operation



The QAD36 flow sensor of the relay clipin cannot be used in a double circuit.

Pump relay operation (without QAD36 flow sensor) requires no parameters to be changed.

# 2.1.1 - Installation without domestic hot water production

The two pumps Q (boiler pump) and Q2 (heating circuit pump) Work in parallel whenever there is a heating request.

# 2.1.2 - Installation with domestic hot water heating

- Hot water request met:
  - · pumps Q and Q2 Always work in parallel,
  - the selector valve VS moves to the heating only when in winter mode.
- For a hot water request:
  - the hot water request has priority over a heating request.
    - . the boiler pump Q works,
    - . the heating circuit pump Q2 stops,
    - . the selector valve VS moves to DHW position only when in winter mode.

## 2.2 - Without room sensor

The flow temperature of each circuit is defined by the heating curve for that circuit.

This temperature is corrected by using the boiler heating potentiometer (setting from 17°C to 23°C).



Correction of the room temperature using the heating potentiometer acts on both heating circuits simultaneously.

## 2.3 - With room sensor

Only one QAA73 room sensor can be connected to the LMU. It can control one or two circuits.

# The QAA73 room sensor is configured in the factory on the CC1 radiator circuit.

The sensor defines the flow settings required as well as the domestic hot water temperature and sends them to the boiler control on the basis of the outside temperature, room temperature and various other parameters.

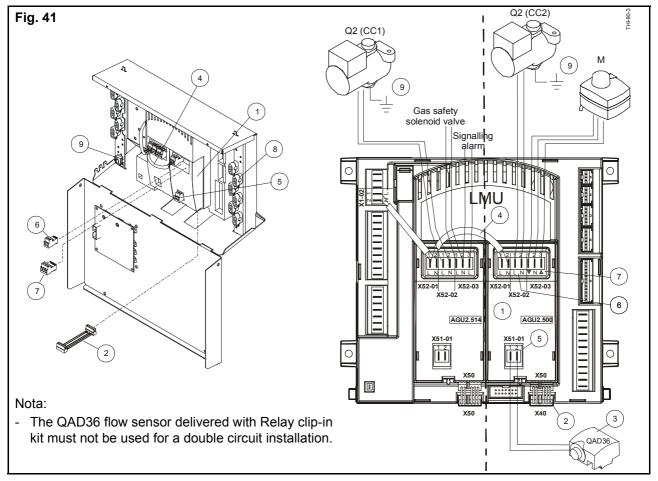
The heating and domestic hot water potentiometers are then disabled when the sensor is connected.



On the kit installation instructions, it is always advisable to fit the clip-ins to the left of the LMU. In the following configuration the clip-in can be fitted either to the right or left of the LMU.

When the relay clip-in is used with the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit clip-in, the point 3 of the X52-03 terminal of the relay clip-in is not available (if all the terminals of the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit clip-in are used).

## 2.4 - Recommended installation of the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit and relay clip-ins on the LMU



## Installation of the relay clip-in kit:

The relay clip-in remains fitted on the left hand side of the LMU as per the instructions of the relay clip-in kit installation instructions.

## Installation of the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit clip-in kit:

- Fit the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit clip-in (AGU2.500) (1) to the right hand side of the LMU,
- Remove one the 2-pin connectors of the cable (4) supplied with the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit clip-in,
- Connect the cable (4) using the connector to the X52-01 terminal of the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit clip-in (1) and connect the 2 wires of the other end of the cable to the 2-pin connector located on the X52-01 terminal of the relay clip-in AGU2.514,
- Fit the mini-connector (2) to the X50 terminal of the clip-in (1) and the X40 terminal of the LMU,

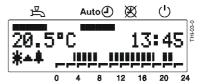
- Connect the QAD36 flow sensor (3) using the 2pin connector (5) to the X51-01 terminal of the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit clip-in.
  - The QAD36 will be installed on the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit outlet after the mixing valve.
- Connect the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit pump (Q2-CC2) using the 2-pin connector (6) on the X52-02 terminal of the clip-in (1),
- Connect the motor (M) of the 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit mixing valve by suing the 3-pin connector (7) on the X52-03 terminal of the clip-in (1) (take the open and close position of the valve into account),
- Set the cable grips (8),

Run the cables of the sensor, circulating pump and the motor through the cable grips (8) and grommets of the boiler frame (the grommet holes must be adapted to the diameter of the cable used).

## 3 - ACCESS THE SETTINGS VIA THE QAA 73 ROOM SENSOR



Initial display of the QAA 73 room sensor before the settings are entered:



## 3.1 - Access the lines 51 to 98

	Buttons	Explanation	
1	PROG	Press one of the 2 line selection buttons.  - This will take you to the programming mode "End-user". (1. level) Display:  Time  1 3:45	1
2	PROG	Press both line selection buttons for at least 3 seconds.  This will take you to the programming mode "Heating engineer" (2. level)  Display:  a)  RoomSetPAct HC1  b)  Line name b) Line number C)  Setting of the parameter	51
3	PROG	Press the line selection buttons to select the required line.(rep. b).	51 98
4	- +	Press the plus or minus button to enter the required value (rep. c). The setting will be stored as soon as you leave the programming mode (by pressing the Info button) or change to another line.	

## 3.2 - Access the lines 501 to 755



After setting the parameters via the QAA 73 room sensor, and so that the LMU accepts the modifications to the settings, press the RESET button on the boiler control panel, wait for 6 seconds and press a second time.

	Buttons	Explanation	
1	PROG et	Press on the both line selection buttons and setting buttons beginning with the button.  This will take you to the first programming mode "LMU"(4. level) Successive display:  Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto Auto	516
2	PROG	Press both line selection buttons for at least 3 seconds.  - This will take you to the second programming mode "LMU" (5. level) Successive display:  - Auto	501
3	PROG	Press the line selection buttons to select the required line.(rep. b).	501 755
4	- +	Press the plus or minus button to enter the required value (rep. c). The setting will be stored as soon as you leave the programming mode (by pressing the Info button) or change to another line.	

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## VI - COMMISSIONING

## 1 - PROTECTION OF THE INSTALLATION



To guarantee the boiler shell, it is recommended that only the following heating system water conditioning products are used:

- BIONIBAL corrosion inhibitor
- BIONIBAGEL antifreeze and corrosion inhibitor.

#### 1.1 - Bionibal

**<u>BIONIBAL</u>** is a non-toxic, biocide, traceable corrosion inhibitor specially designed to protect multi-metal heating circuits.

Through its efficient means of acting against all types of corrosion and all types of bacteria, BIONIBAL:

- Prevents the formation of rust and metallic sludge,
- Prevents the formation of algae and bacteria sludge,
- Also suitable for under-floor heating systems,
- Prevents off-gases,
- Contains an internal marker so that doses can be easily controlled.

#### **BIONIBAL DOSAGE:**

- Without under-floor heating: 1% (0.5 I of BIONIBAL for 50 I of water).
- With under-floor heating: 2% (1 I of BIONIBAL for 50 I of water).

## 1.2 - Bionibagel

**BIONIBAGEL** is the antifreeze version of BIONIBAL.

Non-toxic antifreeze, with glycol monopropylene base, corrosion inhibitor, biocide, traceable.

In addition to the characteristics of BIONIBAL, it protects the installation from frost for residences that are not inhabited all the year round or that are in the coldest regions.

#### **BIONIBAGEL DOSAGE:**

The number of litres of BIONIBAGEL to put in the circuit depends on the volume of your installation and the extreme temperature of your region.

Protection	Installation capacity (litres)			
limit temperature	50	100	150	200
- 5°C	7	15	22	30
- 10°C	12	25	37	50
- 15°C	17	35	50	70
- 20°C	20	40	60	80
- 30°C	22	45	67	90

## Important warning



Bionibal or Bionibagel must only be put in a clean installation that has been checked. It is therefore imperative to fill the entire system one or more times with clean water as required. In some cases, the system may need washing by a suitable product:

## Example:

- In a new installation: To detect any leaks and eliminate any traces of welding, weld solder or other residues.
- On an old installation: To eliminate any trace of sludge and other products in the radiators, under-floor heating system and the boiler.

## 2 - FILLING THE INSTALLATION WITH WATER

- The installation will have to be rinsed before the boiler is filled with water. Installation decantation should be provided for.
- To ensure proper boiler bleeding during the installation's filling stage:
  - Filling the DHW tank for the THI 10-50 C models + DHW production system:
    - . Fill the tank with water by using the safety control of the installation, taking care to open a hot water tap,
    - . After filling, check that the tank access flap is tightened correctly.

- Filling the installation :
  - . Open the heating flow/return isolation valves.
  - . Open the cold water inlet valve,
  - Fill the installation slowly (to make degassing easier) by using the valve of the filling system,
  - . check the leaktightness of the circuit,
  - Bleed the entire installation, particularly the radiators. Continue to fill the system until a pressure of approximately 1.5 bar is reached.
  - . turn off the filling valve.

#### 3 - PRESSURE SENSOR

The pressure sensor features a small window that displays the pressure status of the system without any mains supply.

# Fig. 42 Pressure too low = yellow Pressure correct = green Pressure too high = red Colours Pressure ranges Yellow 0 to 0,5 bar Green 0,5 to 2,5 bar Red 2,5 to 3,6 bar

## 4 - GAS SUPPLY

- Open the gas cock (2, fig. 36 and fig. 37 page 35 - Chapter IV - INSTALLATION).
- Carefully bleed the gas piping. If the installation is new, the bleed evacuates the air that is contained in the piping so that the boiler has an adequate fuel.

The presence of air in the gas prevents the ignition of the burner and leads to safety shut-down by the flame monitoring unit.

This is the case both with a natural gas and a new PG installation. With a PG installation the storage tank must also be bled properly before commissioning.



The external discharge of the gas bleed must be carried out with all necessary safety measures.  Check the tightness of the connectors and the airtightness of the gas circuit using a foaming product or a water column pressure gauge.

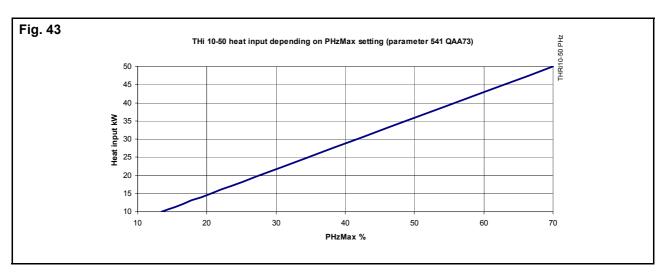
## 5 - SETTING THE MAXIMUM POWER IN HEATING MODE

The maximum power of the boiler in heating mode can be limited. This operation requires modification of the PHz parameter in the boiler's LMU management unit.

Access to the PHz parameter is possible via the QAA 73 ambient temperature sensor (line 541) following the access mode defined in § 3 - page 43 - chapter V - SETTINGS OF THE INSTALLATION

TYPES.

The PHz value should be selected by following the diagram below. Adapting the boiler's maximum heating power to the maximum power of the installation helps avoid heavy loads during reheating phases and thus reduces the maximum sound output of the boiler.



## 6 - VERIFICATIONS PRIOR TO COMMISSIONING

- Ensure that the installation has been issued with a certificate of conformity granted by an approved organisation (according to the installation standards),
- Check that the boiler is adequately adapted to the gas used,
- Check that the boiler is filled with water and under pressure (1.5 bar) and there are no leaks,



Never let the pressure drop below 1 bar.

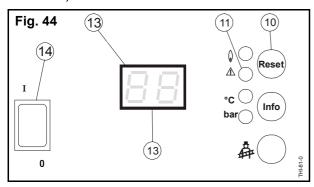
- Check that the electrical connections of the boiler are correct: 230 V, 50 Hz, earth connection compliant, polarities correct,
- Check that the combustion products outlet is correctly assembled, that there are no leaks and no obstruction,
- Check that the heating system ventilations are not obstructed,
- Check that the siphons are filled with water,
- Check that the condensate outlet is connected properly and there are no leaks.

## 7 - USER INFORMATION

The heating engineer must inform the user about the unit's operating mode. In particular the user must be informed about the function and the operation of the safety systems and the need for regular servicing by a qualified person.

## 8 - COMMISSIONING

- Activate the boiler's external electrical circuitbreaker,
- Press button (14) to ON " I " (depending on the models).



· The following references will appear one after the other on the boiler control panel display (13),









For this example, this means that it is the version 2.08 of the LMU management unit and version 1.03 of the control interface.

When starting up the boiler, the LMU management unit recognises all the accessories connected (sensors, mixing valve, pumps, etc.) and automatically checks the values and settings according to the type of installation.

If a problem occurs, the LED "alarm signal" (11) is on (red):

- · Press RESET (10) to reset the boiler,
- · If the alarm persists, consult the list of operating faults in Chapter IX - OPERATING FAULTS - page 57.

Display	Description	Consequences according to type of installation
Function Function 5	"Function" key (1) gives access to 3 operating modes by pressing: - auto mode: LED (4) on - winter mode: LED (5) on - summer mode: LED (4) and (5) off	
auto Function	LED (5) on / LED (4) off: <b>Winter mode</b> The boiler provides heating and domestic hot water	<ul> <li>Basic boiler model (without outside sensor and room sensor)</li> <li>Auto mode is inaccessible         <ul> <li>The heating and hot water temperatures are set manually by using the boiler potentiometers.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Boiler with outside sensor only         <ul> <li>Auto mode is not activated,</li> <li>Heating operates continually except if there is a request for hot water,</li> <li>The hot water temperature is set manually on the boiler potentiometer.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Boiler with outside sensor and room sensor         <ul> <li>The heating and hot water temperatures are set via the room sensor QAA73.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Display	Description	Consequences according to type of installation
Function W	LED (4 and 5) off: <b>Summer mode</b> The boiler provides domestic hot water only	- Basic boiler model (without outside sensor and room sensor)  • Auto mode is inaccessible  . The hot water temperature is set manually by using the boiler potentiometers.  - Boiler with outside sensor only  • Auto mode is not activated,  . The hot water temperature is set manually on the boiler potentiometer.  - Boiler with outside sensor and room sensor  • The hot water temperature Is set via the room sensor QAA73.
auto Function Street Function	LED (4 and 5) on: <b>Auto winter mode</b> The boiler provides heating and domestic hot water	<ul> <li>Auto mode is active: <ul> <li>Boiler with outside sensor only</li> <li>The heating starts up automatically and only when the average outside temperature computed by the LMU is below 19°C.</li> <li>The hot water temperature is set manually on the boiler potentiometer.</li> <li>Boiler with outside sensor and room sensor</li> <li>The heating starts up automatically and only when the average outside temperature computed by the LMU is below 19°C.</li> <li>The heating and hot water temperatures are set via the room sensor QAA73.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Function Function	LED (4) on / LED (5) off: <b>Auto summer mode</b> The boiler provides domestic hot water only	<ul> <li>Auto mode is active: <ul> <li>Boiler with outside sensor only</li> <li>The heating stops automatically and only when the average outside temperature computed by the LMU is below 19°C.</li> <li>The hot water temperature is set manually on the boiler potentiometer.</li> <li>Boiler with outside sensor and room sensor</li> <li>The heating stops automatically and only when the average outside temperature computed by the LMU is below 19°C.</li> <li>The hot water temperatures are set via the room sensor QAA73.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

## 9 - FLAME SETTING

- After switching the boiler on:
- Check the flame control by disconnecting the ionizing electrode:

# - The boiler goes into safety mode after two ignition attempts (display and 33)

## 10- COMBUSTION PRODUCT CHECKING

- With the boiler switched on, check the combustion (CO2/CO).

Refer to Chapter VII - GAS CONVERSION - page 50.

## VII - GAS CONVERSION

Check that the boiler is properly adapted to the gas used, otherwise change the gas.

## 1 - SERVICE PRESSURE CONTROL

P<sub>i</sub> = Network gas pressure Natural gas H (G20): 20 mbar, Propane (G31): 37 mbar. **P**<sub>o</sub> = Gas pressure at the gas valve regulator outlet.

**PL** = Servo-system air pressure (burner-gas valve)

Fig. 45

- V = Adjust the slope of the characteristic of the air/gas ratio only when the burner is at high rate. This setting is carried out in the factory for natural gas type H (G20) or propane (G31). This means that the pressure P<sub>o</sub> can be changed to obtain the required gas flow (section 3.2 - page 50).
- K = Adjust the parallel shift of the characteristic only when the burner <u>is at low rate</u>. This screw is pre-set in the factory. Its setting must not be normally modified even for changing gas. If however an adjustment is required, it may be carried out with a low scale pressure gauge 0-10 mmWG, and a CO<sub>2</sub>, CO analyser.

## 2 - GAS CONVERSION



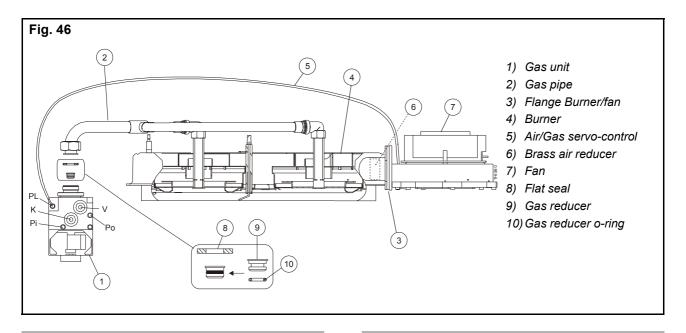
This operation must be carried out by a qualified person equipped with a calibrated combustion analyser.

Prior to any servicing cut the electrical and gas supplies.

The boiler is preset in the factory for natural gas H (G20) 20 mbar or propane (G31) 37 mbar (depending on the models).

When changing the gas, the "gas setting" label that is in the gas conversion sleeve must be fixed on the inside of the boiler so as to indicate the new setting.

Check the gas circuit for leak tightness after each intervention on the boiler.



# 2.1 - Conversion from Natural Gas to Propane

## Air inlet of burner:

- Gently separate the fan (7) from the burner (4) at the level of the flange (3),
- Insert the air reducer (6) into the air inlet sleeve of the burner.
- Gently refit the fan (7) together with its joint to the burner flange (3).

## Gas valve outlet:

- Remove the nut securing the gas tube (2) to the gas valve (1),
- Fit the propane gas reducer (9) and o-ring (10) at the outlet of the gas valve (1),
- Fit the gas tube/gas valve assembly and check that the flat joint (8) is fitted correctly,
- Check that between the gas tube (2) and gas valve (1) is gas-tight (burner on) by using a foaming product,
- Check the CO2/CO rate (refer setting table § 3.2 page 53).

# 2.2 - Conversion from Propane to Natural gas

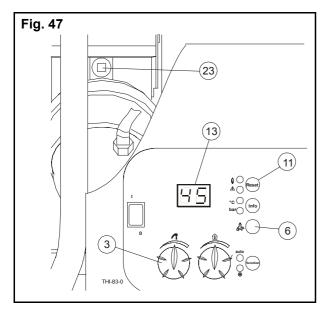
## Air inlet of burner:

- Gently separate the fan (7) from the burner (4) at the level of the flange (3),
- Take off the air reducer (6) into the air inlet sleeve of the burner,
- Gently refit the fan (7) together with its joint to the burner flange (3).

## Gas valve outlet:

- Remove the nut securing the gas tube (2) to the gas valve (1),
- Take off the propane gas reducer (9) and o-ring (10) at the outlet of the gas valve (1),
- Fit the gas tube/gas valve assembly and check that the flat joint (8) is fitted correctly,
- Check that between the gas tube (2) and gas valve (1) is gas-tight (burner on) by using a foaming product,
- Check the CO2/CO rate (refer setting table § 3.2 page 53).

## 3 - GAS/CO<sub>2</sub>/CO/NO<sub>X</sub> FLOW CONTROL



Combustion control is carried out on the boiler through the opening (23) provided for this purpose after the cap is removed. This opening must be closed again after checking.

#### 3.1 - Surveillance procedure

- To commission the burner:
  - Activate the regulator shut-down function cleaning key (6) (Chapter III - OPERATION section. 3.11 - page 17):
    - . the code flashes on the display screen (13),
- Gradually position the d.h.w. potentiometer (3) to the maximum on the right:
  - · the burner switches to max. rate,
- Gradually move the **V** adjustment screw of the gas unit (fig. 45) to obtain a stable flame.
- Check the CO<sub>2</sub>/CO ratio (see setting table section 3.2 page 53),
- Set the d.h.w. potentiometer (3) to the maximum on the left:
  - the burner switches to the minimum rate,
- Check the CO<sub>2</sub>/CO ratio (see setting table section 3.2 page 53),
- If necessary:
  - adjust screw K (fig. 45) (tightening and untightening increases and decreases gas flow).



Before starting the minimum rate setting (V and K screws), wait for a stable  $CO_2/CO$  analyser read-out. Repeat switching from the minimum rate to the maximum rate several times to ensure that the setting has been done properly.

## 3.2 - Setting table

Modèles			THI 10-50
Burner type			X00.22519
Heat output	30/50 °C	kW	10,7/52,6
	60/80 °C	kW	9,7/48,7
Heat input		kW	10,0/50,0
Ø Gas reducer	Nat Gas H	mm	-
	Propane	mm	6,40
Ø Air reducer	Nat Gas H	mm	-
	Propane	mm	31
Gas flow (15 °C 1013 mbar)	Nat Gas H	m <sup>3</sup> /h	1,06/5,29
	Propane	kg/h	0,78/3,88
Gas pressure P <sub>o</sub> (Gas unit to burner)		mbar	0,25/2,4
Air pressure servo-system (PL)		Pa	40/630
CO <sub>2</sub> Emission	Nat Gas H	%	8,0-8,5/9,0-9,5
	Propane	%	10,0-10,5/10,5-11,0
CO Emission	Nat Gas H	ppm	0/20
	Propane	ppm	0/40

- Combustion product evacuation outlet back pressure: 0 mmCE.
- **P**<sub>o</sub> = Gas pressure at the gas valve regulator outlet
- **PL** = Servo-system air pressure (burner/gas unit).
- The Po and PL values may be more or less high according to whether back pressure is greater or smaller.

## VIII - MAINTENANCE

The annual inspection of the boiler and of the combustion product outlet is recommended. It must be carried out by a qualified person.

Spare parts must be ordered by using the references listed in chapter XII - NOMENCLATURE, and specifying the type and serial number of each part.



Before any servicing, cut the power supply. Close the gas inlet of the boiler and the water valves if required.

If the boiler is removed, provide a plug at the end of the gas piping.

#### 1 - SERVICING THE FAN AND THE BURNER

Check the state of the ventilator and the burner and clean them if necessary (following their cleaning instructions).

## Disassembling the fan:

- Unscrew the four screws (1) fixing the fan (7) to the burner's air sleeve (6),
- Clean it using a domestic vacuum cleaner by placing the suction device over the air inlet and outlet successively.

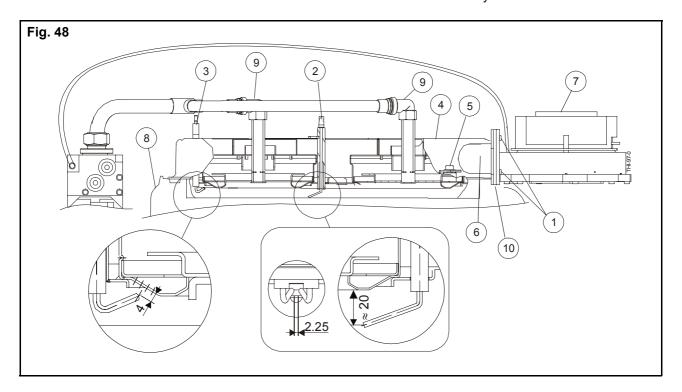
## Disassembling the burner:

- Unscrew the four screws fixing (5) the burner (4) to the boiler shell (8),
- Disassemble the 2 elbows joint (9),

- Clean the burner (4) using a domestic vacuum cleaner by placing the suction device over the air inlet and the gas inlet successively,
- Check the ignition electrodes (3) and the ionisation electrodes (2).

## **During reassembly:**

- Check the airtightness of the gas at the burner elbow joint/gas inlet tube level,
- check airtightness at the burner and boiler shell levels,
- following the assembly of the fan:
  - check the correct positioning of the fan/burner gasket (10),
  - check the airtightness of the gasket and replace it if necessary.



## 2 - SERVICING THE HEAT EXCHANGER OF THE BOILER SHELL

- The heat exchanger must be cleaned once the burner has been disassembled (section 1 page 54).
- Sprinkle the heat exchanger with water. The water is evacuated through the condensate evacuation siphon,
- when reassembling the burner onto the boiler shell check the correct positioning of the gasket.

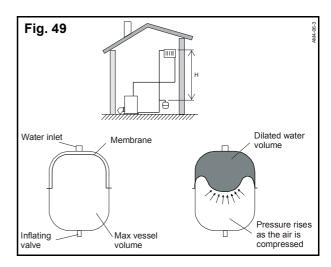
## 3 - CHECKING ACCESSORIES

- Check that the safety and control devices (3 bar safety valve, air bleed, safety control box, etc.) are operating properly.
- Clean the condensate drain siphon and then fill it with water.
- Also check that neither the installation nor the boiler present any water or fuel leaks (leaks may
- produce a risk for safety and shorten the lifespan).
- When it is frequently necessary to add water to maintain pressure in the installation, even though no leaks have been discovered, perform an expansion vessel check (section 4 - page 55).

## 4 - EXPANSION VESSEL PRE-INFLATION PRESSURE CHECK

- Drop the pressure in the heating installation by opening the drain cock or the safety valve (pressure gauge reading under 0.5 bar).
- Check the pressure in the expansion vessel and if necessary bring it back up to pressure, or replace it if the membrane is punctured (water present in the inflating valve).
- To optimise the efficiency of the vessel:
  - adjust its pre-inflation pressure in line with the installation. It must correspond to the static height of the installation (H) expressed in bars (height between the highest point of the installation and the expansion vessel, with 10 metres = 1 bar).
  - adjust the filling pressure of the installation to a value of over 0.2 bar above the pre-inflation

pressure of the vessel (after totally bleeding the air from the installation).



## 5 - COMBUSTION PRODUCT CONDUITS

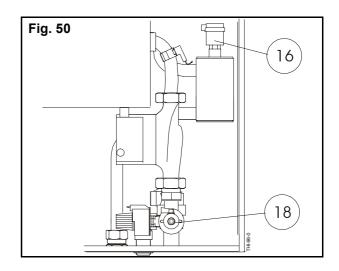
 Check the combustion product evacuation conduit and the air inlet conduit at least once a year (airtightness of the parts that may be disassembled - conduits not obstructed).

## 6 - DRAINING

- Cut the power supply,
- Turn off the gas cock,
- Turn off the heating flow/return valves (if they are fitted),
- Open the drain valve (rep. 18).



Ensure that the air bleed (16) is open, as soon as the pressure gauge indicates a null pressure to allow air to enter the boiler shell.



## 7 - SENSOR RESISTANCES

The resistance of the sensors must be measured after they have been disconnected from the control panel.

	Resistance values of the sensors
Temperature	Heating outlet sensor Boiler return sensor Flue gas sensor
0.00 °C	32624
10.00 °C	19897
15.00 °C	15711
20.00 °C	12493
25.00 °C	10000
30.00 °C	8056
40.00 °C	5324
50.00 °C	3599
60.00 °C	2483
70.00 °C	1748
80.00 °C	1252
90.00 °C	912

# IX - OPERATING FAULTS

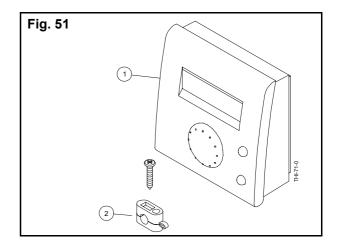
Display	Description	Solution	
10	Outside sensor fault	Check that the sensor is correctly fitted and connected	
20	Boiler sensor 1 fault	Check that the sensor is correctly fitted and connected	
28	Flue gas detector fault	Check that the sensor is correctly fitted and connected	
32	Flow sensor 2 fault	Check that the sensor is correctly fitted and connected	
40	Return sensor 1 fault	Check that the sensor is correctly fitted and connected	
50	Domestic hot water sensor 1 fault	Check that the sensor is correctly fitted and connected	
52	Domestic hot water sensor 2 fault	Check that the sensor is correctly fitted and connected	
5 /	Room device 1 faulty	Check the boiler connections	
52	Room device 1 error or radio clock error	Check compatibility of the room device or clock	
78	Water pressure sensor fault	Increase the pressure in the circuit (if P < 0.2 bar), check the connections of the pressure sensor	
8 1	Short-circuit on LPB or no voltage	Check the wiring	
82	Two identical addresses on the LPB	Check the addressing	
9 /	Loss of data in the EEPROM Change the LMU		
Component fault in the LMU Change the LMU		Change the LMU	
88 00	Two master clocks (only one normally), programming problem	Check parameter 96 of the QAA73 (only one device can have the message "QAA73")	
88 10	STB (boiler overheating safety) activated	Check that shunt X3-01 is present and whether the installation water flow is sufficient (circulating pump, isolation valve, etc.)	
88 11	Response of the safety thermostat	Check whether the installation water flow is sufficient (circulating pump, isolation valve, etc.)	
88 13	Flue gas alarm displayed (problem of the flue gas temperature being too high)	Check whether the boiler is not on thermal overload or that the exchanger is not clogged	
88 [7]	Water pressure too high	Check and adjust the pressure level if necessary with P < 4 bar	
88 18	Water pressure too low  Check and adjust the pressure level if necessary with P > 0.4 bar		
88 30	Maximum flue gas temperature exceeded	Check whether the boiler is not on thermal overload or that the exchanger is not clogged	

Display Description		Solution	
88 32	Safety device activated	Check that shunt X10-03 is present and that the wires are properly connected	
88 38	No flame formed after the safety time period	Check that the gas reaches the boiler (Pi), check the condition of the gas valve, if there is a major adjustment fault on the gas valve, check the condition of the transformer, cables, ignition electrode, ionisation current value	
88 34	Flame failure while the boiler is operating	Check and adjust the gas valve, check the ionisation electrode and the connections, possible live-neutral inversion of the transformer supply	
88 40	Segment number or unauthorised addressing on LPB or LMU	Check the addressing consistency	
88 48	Incompatibility between the LMU and LPB	Check the addressing consistency	
8851	New LMU configuration	The boiler must be reset when a clip-in is installed or removed.	
88 52	LMU setting error	LMU setting problem	
88 53	The boiler is blocked	Press Reset to clear the message	
8854	Violation of the plausibility criteria (STB related criteria)	Check the value of the criteria related to the boiler overheating security	
88 60	The minimum speed threshold of the fan is not reached	Check the wiring of the fan and LMU, ensure that the fan is turning correctly	
88 5 1	The maximum speed threshold of the fan is exceeded	Check the mains supply and the fan cable connections	
88 80	The cleaning function is active	-	
881	The regulator shut-down function is active	-	
83	The boiler is in setting mode	This appears after one or more settings are loaded either by the QAA73 or by the PC TOOL. This means that a reset is necessary to validate the new setting(s) and for the boiler to return to normal operating.	

## 1 - SET-UP TAKING ROOM TEMPERATURE INTO ACCOUNT (REG 73)

The REG 73 is a multifunctional digital room sensor for one or two heating circuits and for the control of domestic hot water.

Refer to the kit installation instructions.

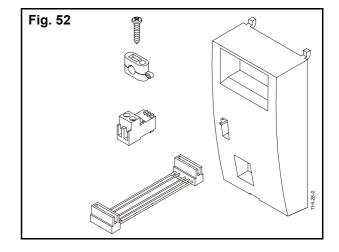


## 2 - CLIP-IN LPB KIT (REG 130)

The LPB communication clip-in kit is used to connect the LMU control unit to different units or accessories of the type:

- RVA 46: zone regulator
- RVA 47: cascade regulator
- + others (distance management etc.)

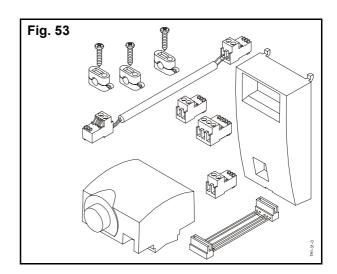
Refer to kit installation instructions.



## 3 - SECONDARY CIRCUIT CLIP-IN KIT

The secondary circuit clip-in kit is used when a second heating circuit is connected to the boiler. It allows the communication between the boiler's LMU control unit and the various accessories of the secondary circuit.

Refer to kit installation instructions.

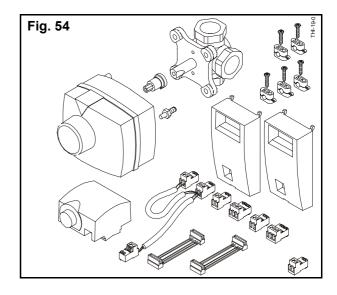


## 4 - DOUBLE CIRCUIT KIT (REG 126)

The double circuit kit is used whenever a second heating circuit is connected to the boiler:

- The 2nd circuit clip-in ensures communication between the boiler's LMU management unit; the 2nd circuit pump control and also the mixer valve motor (accessories supplied with the kit).
- The clip-in relay allowing a secondary pump (circuit 1) to work in parallel.

Refer to kit installation instructions.

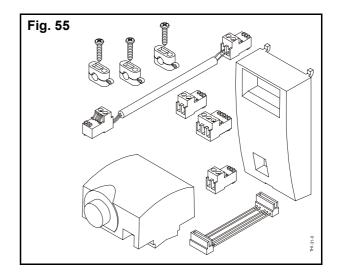


## 5 - PROGRAMMABLE RELAY CLIP-IN KIT (REG 127)

The programmable relay clip-in kit (sensor inlet) enables:

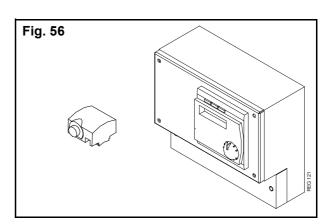
- a 2nd heating pump to be controlled in parallel with the boiler pump in the case of operation using a header.
- with the flow sensor positioned at the outlet of the header, the heating outlet can be controlled after the header.
- an external safety gas solenoid to be connected,
- an alarm to be connected.

Refer to kit installation instructions.



## 6 - CONTROL UNIT ZHTI 46 (REG 129)

The control unit ZHTi 46 enables an additional heating circuit to be controlled. (Required from 3 heating circuits - refer to technical specifications of the ZHTi 46).



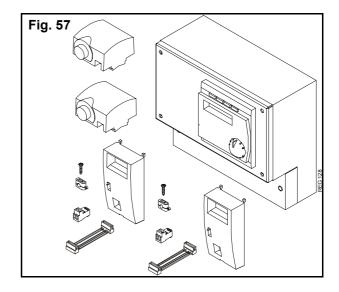
## 7 - CONTROL UNIT ZHTI 47 (REG 128)

The control unit ZHTi 47 manages 2 cascading boilers.

## Note:

- For multiple boiler management, use clip-in kits LBP (130).

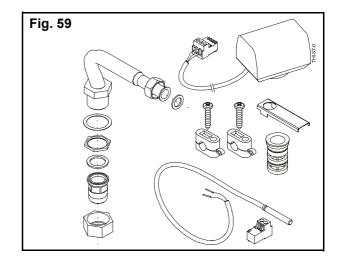
Refer to ZHTi 47 technical specifications.



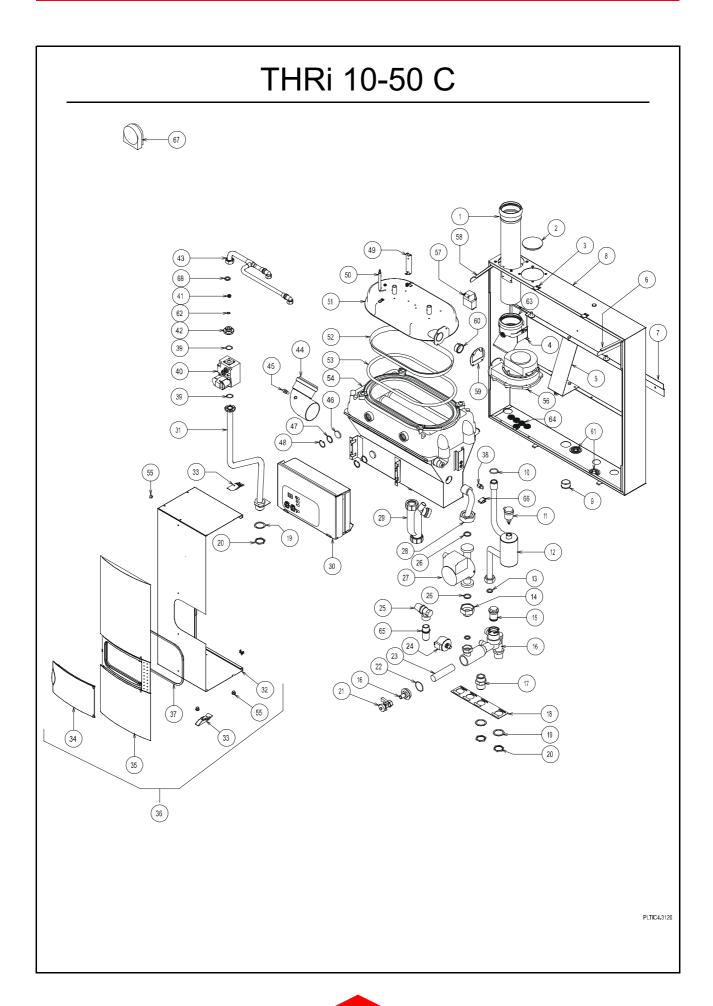
## 9 - SELECTOR VALVE KIT FOR CONNECTING THI..C/BS

The selector valve kit allows the connection of a central heating only type boiler to a domestic hot water heater.

Refer to kit installation instructions.



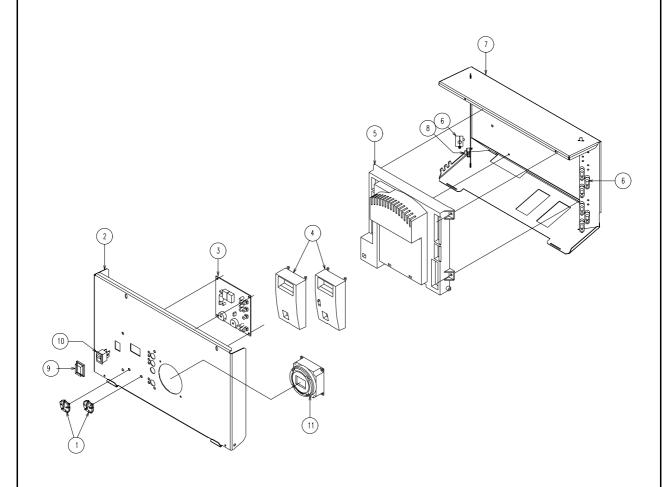
# XII - NOMENCLATURE



NAO.16810	Rep.	Reference	Designation
3	1	N40.16810	REDUCED FLUE OUTLET PIPE F75/M80 L360
4	2	A00.23624	PE CAP N152 BPF 3-1/2
5	3	Y00.14139	FASTENING HOOK
6         Y00.18233         RIGHT HAND CONSOLE (269.4X25X1,5)           7         V07.31963         WALL FASTENING; 10-50 MODEL           8         Y07.31963         YARLE FASTENING; 10-50 MODEL           9         A00.24109         ORANGE CAP D. 34,7 EZ-16           10         E00.01005         O' RING DIA DIA 29,32 X.3,6           11         L90.24635         AUTOMATIC AIR VALVE WARTS WITH ISOLATED VALVE           12         U00.20419         GREY FLOW UNIT           13         E20.03889         SEALING AFM34D 30X21X3           14         K20.19792         REDUCER MALE/FEMALE M1 /F1 1/2           15         H30.24159         MESSING CAP 28X52 + 2 O'RING           16         U90.28983         HEATING RETURN UNIT           17         I20.21441         MESSING SEALED CONNECTION "OLIVE" 22/1           18         V00.23999         STOP PLATE FOR HEATING AND DHW           19         V00.21491         PROTECTING RING 1           20         I20.24473         DRAIN COCK / RETURN UNIT           21         K50.24473         DRAIN COCK / RETURN UNIT           22         E00.24496         SEALING / O'RING INIT, D. 39 45           23         L40.24495         STAINLESS STEEL FILTER / HEATING RETURN           24	4	Y00.10807	FIXING SYSTEM FOR FLUE PIPE
7	5	Y00.13849	BACK STOP PLATE FOR MZ (3355X80,4X1,5)
8	6	Y00.18233	RIGHT HAND CONSOLE (269,4X25X1,5)
9	7	V07.31963	WALL FASTENING ; 10-50 MODEL
10	8	Y07.31992	FRAME; EQUIPPED; 10-50 C MODEL
11	9	A00.24109	ORANGE CAP D. 34,7 EZ-16
12	10	E00.01005	O' RING DIA DIA 29,32 X 3,6
13	11	L90.24635	AUTOMATIC AIR VALVE WATTS WITH ISOLATED VALVE
14	12	U00.20419	GREY FLOW UNIT
15	13	E20.03889	SEALING AFM34D 30X21X3
16	14	K20.19792	REDUCER MALE/FEMALE M1 / F1 1/2
17	15	H30.24159	MESSING CAP 28X52 + 2 O'RING
18	16	U90.28983	HEATING RETURN UNIT
19	17	120.21441	MESSING SEALED CONNECTION "OLIVE" 22/1
20	18	V00.23999	STOP PLATE FOR HEATING AND DHW
120.21452   MESSING LOCK NUT 1		V00.21491	PROTECTING RING 1
21		120.21452	MESSING LOCK NUT 1
22			
23         L40.24495         STAINLESS STEEL FILTER / HEATING RETURN           24         L50.31115         PRESSURE SENSOR IMIT PRP 300           25         L90.24178         SAFETY VALVE           26         E20.01008         SALMSON SEALING 1 1/2 DIA 44 X 32 X 3           27         L30.18677         GRUNDFOSS CIRCULATING PUMP 230 UPS 25,80           28         U00.19565         GREY SUMP INLET           29         A20.23655         SIPHONIC TRAP WITH PIPE 650 MM           30         W07.31562         ELEKTR. GEHÄUSE + VERKABELUNG; 10-50C GN MODEL           31         U07.31500         GAS INLET; EQUIPPED; 1/10 - 5/25 MODEL           32         Y07.31572         COVER; WHITE; 10-50 C MODEL           33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31443         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         Y07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         120.31604         GAS REDUCER      <		E00.24496	SEALING / O'RING INT. D. 39.45
24         L50.31115         PRESSURE SENSOR IMIT PRP 300           25         L90.24178         SAFETY VALVE           26         E20.01008         SALMSON SEALING 1 1/2 DIA 44 X 32 X 3           27         L30.18677         GRUNDFOSS CIRCULATING PUMP 230 UPS 25,80           28         U00.19565         GREY SUMP INLET           29         A20.23655         SIPHONIC TRAP WITH PIPE 650 MM           30         W07.31562         ELEKTR. GEHÄUSE + VERKABELUNG; 10-50C GN MODEL           31         U07.31500         GAS INLET; EQUIPPED; 1/10 - 5/25 MODEL           32         Y07.31572         COVER; WHITE; 10-50 C MODEL           33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         120.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         120.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43 <td></td> <td></td> <td>, '</td>			, '
25         L90.24178         SAFETY VALVE           26         E20.01008         SALMSON SEALING 1 1/2 DIA 44 X 32 X 3           27         L30.18677         GRUNDFOSS CIRCULATING PUMP 230 UPS 25,80           28         U00.19565         GREY SUMP INLET           29         A20.23655         SIPHONIC TRAP WITH PIPE 650 MM           30         W07.31562         ELEKTR. GEHÄUSE + VERKABELUNG; 10-50C GN MODEL           31         U07.31500         GAS INLET; EQUIPPED; 1/10 - 5/25 MODEL           32         Y07.31572         COVER; WHITE; 10-50 C MODEL           33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           40         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.31496         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43			
26         E20.01008         SALMSON SEALING 1 1/2 DIA 44 X 32 X 3           27         L30.18677         GRUNDFOSS CIRCULATING PUMP 230 UPS 25,80           28         U00.19565         GREY SUMP INLET           29         A20.23655         SIPHONIC TRAP WITH PIPE 650 MM           30         W07.31562         ELEKTR. GEHÄUSE + VERKABELUNG; 10-50C GN MODEL           31         U07.31500         GAS INLET; EQUIPPED; 1/10 - 5/25 MODEL           32         Y07.31572         COVER; WHITE; 10-50 C MODEL           33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           40         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         120.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         120.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL			
27         L30.18677         GRUNDFOSS CIRCULATING PUMP 230 UPS 25,80           28         U00.19565         GREY SUMP INLET           29         A20.23655         SIPHONIC TRAP WITH PIPE 650 MM           30         W07.31562         ELEKTR. GEHÄUSE + VERKABELUNG; 10-50C GN MODEL           31         U07.31500         GAS INLET; EQUIPPED; 1/10 - 5/25 MODEL           32         Y07.31572         COVER; WHITE; 10-50 C MODEL           33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           39         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.34064         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL           44         U07.31498         90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED			
28			
29         A20.23655         SIPHONIC TRAP WITH PIPE 650 MM           30         W07.31562         ELEKTR. GEHÄUSE + VERKABELUNG; 10-50C GN MODEL           31         U07.31500         GAS INLET; EQUIPPED; 1/10 - 5/25 MODEL           32         Y07.31572         COVER; WHITE; 10-50 C MODEL           33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           39         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL           44         U07.31498         90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED           45         L20.31496         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K           46         T20.00582         SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5			
30			
31         U07.31500         GAS INLET; EQUIPPED; 1/10 - 5/25 MODEL           32         Y07.31572         COVER; WHITE; 10-50 C MODEL           33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           39         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL           44         U07.31498         90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED           45         L20.31496         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K           46         T20.00582         SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5           47         B59.00692         STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3           48         T40.01051         INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE			
32         Y07.31572         COVER; WHITE; 10-50 C MODEL           33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           39         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL           44         U07.31498         90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED           45         L20.31496         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K           46         T20.00582         SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5           47         B59.00692         STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3           48         T40.01051         INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE           49         L00.16673         IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
33         T25.31875         FIXING PART; UPPER COVER           34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           39         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL           44         U07.31498         90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED           45         L20.31496         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K           46         T20.00582         SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5           47         B59.00692         STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3           48         T40.01051         INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE           49         L00.16673         IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
34         H20.31447         FRONT DOOR; TRANSPARENT           35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           39         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL           44         U07.31498         90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED           45         L20.31496         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K           46         T20.00582         SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5           47         B59.00692         STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3           48         T40.01051         INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE           49         L00.16673         IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
35         H20.31463         FRONT PANEL COMPLETE           36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           39         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL           44         U07.31498         90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED           45         L20.31496         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K           46         T20.00582         SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5           47         B59.00692         STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3           48         T40.01051         INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE           49         L00.16673         IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
36         Y07.31573         MONOBLOC COVER; ASSEMBLED; S & 10-50C MODEL           37         V07.32114         RING FOR BOILER COVER L685           38         L20.31470         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE           39         L10.10607         HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5           40         L10.31465         GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS           41         I20.31604         GAS REDUCER           42         I20.24023         COUNTER FLANGE 3/4           43         U07.31563         GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL           44         U07.31498         90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED           45         L20.31496         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K           46         T20.00582         SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5           47         B59.00692         STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3           48         T40.01051         INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE           49         L00.16673         IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			· ·
37       V07.32114       RING FOR BOILER COVER L685         38       L20.31470       SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE         39       L10.10607       HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5         40       L10.31465       GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS         41       I20.31604       GAS REDUCER         42       I20.24023       COUNTER FLANGE 3/4         43       U07.31563       GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL         44       U07.31498       90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED         45       L20.31496       SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K         46       T20.00582       SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5         47       B59.00692       STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3         48       T40.01051       INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE         49       L00.16673       IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
38       L20.31470       SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR M5 TSA-TYPE         39       L10.10607       HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5         40       L10.31465       GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS         41       I20.31604       GAS REDUCER         42       I20.24023       COUNTER FLANGE 3/4         43       U07.31563       GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL         44       U07.31498       90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED         45       L20.31496       SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K         46       T20.00582       SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5         47       B59.00692       STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3         48       T40.01051       INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE         49       L00.16673       IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
39       L10.10607       HONEYWELL O'RING 22 X 2,5         40       L10.31465       GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS         41       I20.31604       GAS REDUCER         42       I20.24023       COUNTER FLANGE 3/4         43       U07.31563       GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL         44       U07.31498       90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED         45       L20.31496       SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K         46       T20.00582       SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5         47       B59.00692       STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3         48       T40.01051       INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE         49       L00.16673       IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
40 L10.31465 GAS VALVE VDU11.A120036 LANDIS 41 I20.31604 GAS REDUCER 42 I20.24023 COUNTER FLANGE 3/4 43 U07.31563 GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL 44 U07.31498 90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED 45 L20.31496 SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K 46 T20.00582 SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5 47 B59.00692 STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3 48 T40.01051 INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE 49 L00.16673 IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
41			· ·
42			
43 U07.31563 GAS INLET; COMPLETE BURNER; 10-50C MODEL 44 U07.31498 90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED 45 L20.31496 SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K 46 T20.00582 SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5 47 B59.00692 STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3 48 T40.01051 INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE 49 L00.16673 IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
44       U07.31498       90° ELBOW; D.80 DRILLED         45       L20.31496       SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K         46       T20.00582       SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5         47       B59.00692       STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3         48       T40.01051       INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE         49       L00.16673       IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
45         L20.31496         SENSOR TASSERON NTC SENSOR D10X20 10K           46         T20.00582         SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5           47         B59.00692         STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3           48         T40.01051         INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE           49         L00.16673         IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
46       T20.00582       SIGHTGLASS PYREX D.30X5         47       B59.00692       STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3         48       T40.01051       INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE         49       L00.16673       IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
47         B59.00692         STAINLESS STEEL WASHER 30,4X25,5X0,3           48         T40.01051         INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE           49         L00.16673         IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
48 T40.01051 INSIDE CIRCLIPS D.30 YELLOW BICHROMATE 49 L00.16673 IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
49 L00.16673 IGNITION ELECTRODE SHORT 74,5 AV CABLE			
I SU I TUUTZ9SU I TUNISATION PROBE(SHORTZO)			· ·
	50	L00.12950	IONISATION PROBE (SHORT 20)
51 X00.24278 BURNER SET NG/LPG FOR THR 10-50 C			
52 X00.32003 BURNER RING; REMOVABLE			
53 F00.26573 GLASS BRAID RING D. 12 LG. 1070			
54 V07.31560 STAINLESS STEEL BOILER SHELL; 10-50 C MODEL			
55 A00.28827 PLASTIC CAP MALE 1/4	55	AUU.28827	PLASTIC CAP MALE 1/4

Rep.	Reference	Designation
56	C50.31464	FAN MVL-EBM RG 128/1300-3612
57	C90.31466	IGNITION TRANSFORMER ANSTOSS ZAG 2XV 01/10
58	Y00.18234	LEFT HAND CONSOLE (269,4X25X1,5)
59	E11.15966	SEALING/FAN FLANGE
60	120.22440	MESSING AIR REDUCER D. 310 LP 16 (POUR REGLAGE PROPANE G 31)
61	E20.23654	EXTENSIBLE SEALING D. 18 / RED SILICONE
62	E00.03424	NITRILE O'RING D. 8 X 2 80 SHORE
63	U00.20366	ELBOW D. 80 45°
64	C91.03071	WIRE CARRIER
65	120.13579	BRASS NIPPLE MAL3/4-MAL3/4(LONG)
66	L20.31471	SENSOR T7335D1024B
67	W07.32303	OUTSIDE SENSOR .QAC34/101 THRI
68	E20.03890	SEALING AFM34 D 24X17X3
*	C09.31469	CABLE WITH RECTIFIER VDU GAS VALVE
*	E00.10822	EPDM LIP SEAL D. 80 75 SHORE
*	E10.12503	EPDM STICKING SEAL PIPE 6/9 LENGTH 18
*	E20.24399	GASKET DN 80; BLACK POUR LES RÉFÉRENCES (U00.12053) ET (U00.20366)
*	130.31973	STOP TECHNYL D.20X19
*	U00.03505	FIXING BRACKET FOR BURNER MZ/THR
*	U00.08190	VERSILIC PIPE 6X10 LENGTH 800MM
*	U00.18996	FLEXIBLE PIPE 4X8 LG 800 MM GAS UNIT
*	V00.24191	MOUNTING KEY; HONEYWELL
*	V07.32221	GAS CONVERSION SET GN/GP; 10-50C MODEL
*	X00.05193	FIXING BRACKET FOR IONISATION PROBE
*	X90.30472	IGNITION ANGLE WITH SCREW

# **CONTROL BOX**



PLW0731542

Rep.	Reference	Designation
1	H20.31449	CONTROL BUTTON
2	Y07.31525	CONTROL PANEL + STICKER
3	W07.31892	INTERFACE; EQUIPPED; AGU2.303A136
4	L20.31476	COMMUNICATION MODULE CLIP-IN LPB (VOIR OPTION W07.30832)
4	L20.31477	MODULE CIRCUIT 2 CLIP-IN (VOIR OPTION W07.30833)
4	L20.31499	SUB-MODULE RELAIS CLIP-IN AGU2.511A109 (VOIR OPTION W07.30515)
5	L20.31474	ELCTRONIC CONTROL UNIT LMU64.010A136
6	A90.27098	CABLE GRIP D=6,5 MM BLACK
7	Y07.31507	ELECTR. BOX
8	C19.32006	SCREW EARTH CONNECTION
9	C20.12490	TIGHT CAP FOR SWITCH
10	C20.12486	BLACK/BLACK BIPOLAR SWITCH
11	L25.17432	TIMER GRASSLIN 230 V FM - DIGI20
*	C09.31469	CABLE WITH RECTIFIER VDU GAS VALVE
*	C90.31497	COVER KEY-TOP 4X4 THISION
*	W07.31478	WIRING OF THE CONTROL BOX
*	W07.31479	WIRING OF THE CONTROL BOX; 10-50 MODEL
*	W07.31492	CONNECTING CABLE LG LMU64/AGU2
*	W07.31508	ELECTR. CONTROL BOX + WIRING 2-13 THISION
*	W07.31542	ELECTRICAL TERMINAL BOX
*	W07.31558	ELECTR. CONTROL PANEL + WIRING 0,9-9 THISION
*	W07.31562	ELEKTR. GEHÄUSE + VERKABELUNG; 10-50C GN MODEL
*	W07.31302 W07.32184	CABLE FOR THE DHW CLAP ON SENSOR
*	W07.32380	CONTROL BOX; WIRED; PROGRAMMED THI 5-25 S DT
*	W07.32381	CONTROL BOX; WIRED; PROGRAMMED THI 2-13 M 75 DT
*	W07.32381 W07.32382	CONTROL BOX; WIRED; PROGRAMMED THI 5-25 M75 DT
*	W07.32899	CONTROL BOX; WIRED; PROGRAMMED THIS-25 MI/3 DT
*	W07.32995	WIRING - TIMER THRI

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